

FIRST HALF 2020 STOCKHOLDER LETTER AND SEMIANNUAL REPORT

NYSE SYMBOLS: ECC / ECCB / ECCY / ECCX

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING ELECTRONIC DELIVERY

Beginning in February 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of shareholder reports for Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. (the "Company") such as this report will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports from the Company or from your financial intermediary, such as a broker-dealer or bank. Instead, the reports will be made available on the Company's website, and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you do not need to take any action. For shareholder reports and other communications from the Company issued prior to February 2021, you may elect to receive such reports and other communications electronically. If you own shares of the Company through a financial intermediary, you may contact your financial intermediary to elect to receive materials electronically. You may also visit www.fundreports.com or call 1-866-345-5954. If you own shares of the Company directly, you may contact us at 1-844-810-6501.

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August 17, 2020

Dear Fellow Stockholders:

We are pleased to provide you with the enclosed semiannual report of Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. ("we," "us," "our" or the "Company") for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

The Company's primary investment objective is to generate high current income, with a secondary objective to generate capital appreciation. We seek to achieve these objectives by investing primarily in equity and junior debt tranches of collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs") and may also invest in other securities or instruments that are related investments or that are consistent with our investment objectives.

While the CLO market continues to command attention from investors worldwide, we believe the CLO market, and CLO equity in particular, remains inefficient and attractive. We firmly believe that in less efficient markets, specialization matters and the Company benefits from the investment experience of Eagle Point Credit Management LLC (our "Adviser"), which applies its proprietary, private equity style investment process to this fixed income market. This process seeks to maximize returns while mitigating potential risks.

As of June 30, 2020, our Adviser has approximately \$3.3 billion of assets under management (inclusive of undrawn capital commitments).¹ We believe the scale and experience of our Adviser in CLO investing provides the Company with meaningful advantages.

As we navigate today's unprecedented economic environment, much uncertainty remains. A number of potential risk factors continue to weigh heavily on investors' minds – the possibility of a second wave of COVID-19 infections, generationally high unemployment levels, uncertainty of future earnings potential for many companies, ongoing geopolitical tensions and the upcoming U.S. presidential election, among many others! While the markets have reacted positively to a number of developments – the gradual reopening of economies across the U.S., progress on potential vaccines for COVID-19 and a bold Federal Reserve ("Fed") market support program, it sometimes remains difficult to accept the swift rally in risk assets as enduring.

Mindful of the uncertainties, the Company has benefitted from a strong liquidity position throughout the first half of the year. We invested very selectively during the first half, deploying just less than \$50 million into new investments in both the secondary and primary markets. We also sold just less than \$15 million of investments where we saw keen interest.

As of August 7, 2020, we have over \$22 million in cash on our balance sheet. The Company has no financing maturities prior to October 2026 and no secured or "repo"-style financing whatsoever.

¹ Calculated in the aggregate with its affiliate Eagle Point Income Management LLC.



For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company incurred a decrease in net assets resulting from operations of \$78.9 million, or \$2.64 per weighted average common share² (inclusive of unrealized gains and losses). This represents a loss on our common equity of approximately 25.75% during the first half of 2020.³ This is comprised of a loss of 42.22% during the first quarter and profits of 28.52% during the second quarter, as markets began recovering.

Despite a significant decline in the market value of much of our portfolio and the broader market environment, cash flows were largely uninterrupted as 92% of our equity portfolio, based on market value, that was scheduled to receive a distribution in April did so. In July, that figure was 91%.⁴

While the market value of our portfolio declined as equity yields significantly widened, we continue to believe the market value of our portfolio remains cheap to its long-term fundamental value. The weighted average expected yield of our CLO equity portfolio (excluding called CLOs), based on market value, widened from 25.25% as of December 31, 2019 to 31.88% as of March 31, 2020 and 33.57% as of June 30, 2020.

Cash flows from our investment portfolio totaled \$47.1 million for the first six months of 2020, or \$1.58 per weighted average common share (exclusive of cash flow from called investments), which compares to cash flow of \$52.5 million, or \$2.18 per weighted average common share, for the first six months of 2019. The year-over-year drop in cash flow was attributable to a small minority of our CLOs diverting equity distributions to repay senior CLO tranches, a drop in LIBOR and fewer CLOs making their initial distributions in 2020, among other factors.

We remain confident in the construction and long-term value of our portfolio. While we have a relatively low exposure to CLOs that diverted equity distributions in April or July, as measured by market value, there are additional factors with respect to our current portfolio that we believe may not be fully appreciated by the market. Among them: partnering with high-quality CLO collateral managers, maintaining vintage diversification, maintaining a long weighted average reinvestment period, structuring CLO investments with above-average OC cushions at inception, and negotiating a variety of additional document-specific features that help CLO collateral managers more effectively manage our CLO investments. We believe these inputs are extremely valuable to our ultimate performance.

As of June 30, 2020, despite six months of time decay, the weighted average remaining reinvestment period of our CLO equity portfolio stands at 2.7 years. This compares to 2.9 years

² "Weighted average common share" is calculated based on the average daily number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period and "per common share" refers to per share of the Company's common stock.

³ Return on our common equity reflects the Company's monthly cumulative performance net of applicable expenses and fees measured against beginning capital adjusted for any common equity issued during the period.

⁴ Percentages presented are calculated using the market values of CLO equity investments as of the month-end preceding the payment month.



as of December 31, 2019. We believe our CLO portfolio's relatively long remaining reinvestment period gives us greater flexibility to capitalize on future loan price volatility.

In the first half of the year, the following actions helped us to maintain a strong liquidity position, despite turmoil in the leveraged loan markets following the onset of the pandemic:

- Redeemed the remainder of our 7.75% Series A Term Preferred Stock due 2022 (the "Series A Term Preferred Stock") in January. This eliminated our most expensive cost of financing and extended the weighted average maturity on our outstanding notes and preferred stock.
- Repurchased and retired \$2.7 million of our 6.75% Notes due 2027 ("ECCY Notes") and \$2.4 million of our 6.6875% Notes due 2028 ("ECCX Notes") at an average price of roughly 72 cents on the dollar. We saved about \$1 million buying our own debt back at meaningful discounts to par.
- Issued new common shares, at a premium to net asset value ("NAV"), through our atthe-market program. These sales were accretive to NAV by \$0.18 per share.

As of July 31, 2020, management's unaudited estimate of the range of the Company's NAV per common share was between \$7.82 and \$7.92. The midpoint of this range represents an increase of 5.6% compared to the NAV per common share as of June 30, 2020.



COMPANY OVERVIEW

Common Stock

The Company's common stock trades on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "ECC." As of June 30, 2020, the NAV per share of the Company's common stock was \$7.45. The trading price of our common stock may, and often does, differ from NAV per share. The closing price per share of our common stock was \$7.11 on June 30, 2020, representing a 4.56% discount to NAV per share as of such date.⁵

From our IPO through June 30, 2020, our common stock has traded on average at a 13.5% premium to NAV. As of August 7, 2020, the closing price per share of common stock was \$7.84, a discount of 0.38% compared to the midpoint of management's unaudited and estimated NAV range of \$7.82 to \$7.92 as of July 31, 2020.

In connection with our at-the-market offering programs, the Company sold 2,968,387 shares of our common stock during the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 for total net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$29.4 million.

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2020, the Company declared and paid to common stockholders aggregate distributions totaling \$0.84 per share of common stock. An investor who purchased common stock as part of our IPO in October 2014 at \$20.00 per share has received total cash distributions of \$13.72 per share as of July 31, 2020. A certain portion of these distributions was comprised of a return of capital as described at the time of the applicable distribution.⁶

For the quarters ended March 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Company recorded \$0.33 and \$0.28 per weighted average common shares, respectively, in quarterly net investment income and realized capital losses.

On April 15, 2020, the Company made the decision to lower its common distributions from \$0.20 monthly per share to \$0.08 monthly per share. This was not a decision undertaken lightly and was made only after meaningful consideration of the worldwide economic uncertainty caused by COVID-19, with a goal of further strengthening the Company's liquidity profile.

⁵ An investment company trades at a premium when the market price at which its shares trade is more than its net asset value per share. Alternatively, an investment company trades at a discount when the market price at which its shares trade is less than its net asset value per share.

⁶ To date, a portion of common stock distributions has been estimated to be a return of capital as noted under the Tax Information section on the Company's website. The actual components of the Company's distributions for U.S. tax reporting purposes can only be finally determined as of the end of each fiscal year of the Company and are thereafter reported on Form 1099-DIV. A distribution comprised in whole or in part by a return of capital does not necessarily reflect the Company's investment performance and should not be confused with "yield" or "income". Future distributions may consist of a return of capital. **Not a guarantee of future distributions or yield.**



The Company's second quarter financial performance was above the new quarterly distribution run-rate of \$0.24 per common share (based on three separate monthly distributions of \$0.08 per share).

We also want to highlight the Company's dividend reinvestment plan for common stockholders. This plan allows common stockholders to have their distributions automatically reinvested into new shares of common stock. If the prevailing market price of our common stock exceeds our NAV per share by a certain margin as described in the plan, such reinvestment is at a discount to the prevailing market price. We encourage all common stockholders to carefully review the terms of the plan.

Other Securities

In addition to our common stock, the Company has three other securities which trade on the NYSE, which are summarized below:

Security	NYSE Symbol	Par Amount Outstanding	Rate	Payment Frequency	Callable	Maturity
7.75% Series B Term Preferred Stock due 2026 ("Series B Term Preferred Stock")	ECCB	\$47.1 million	7.75%	Monthly	October 2021	October 2026
6.75% Notes due 2027	ECCY	\$28.9 million	6.75%	Quarterly	September 2020	September 2027
6.6875% Notes due 2028	ECCX	\$64.8 million	6.6875%	Quarterly	April 2021	April 2028

As of June 30, 2020, we had debt and preferred securities outstanding which totaled approximately 38.2% of our total assets (less current liabilities). Over the long term, management expects to operate the Company generally with leverage within a range of 25% to 35% of total assets under normal market conditions. As market conditions evolve, or should significant opportunities present themselves, the Company may incur leverage outside of this range, subject to applicable regulatory and contractual limits.

Monthly Common Distributions

The Company declared three monthly distributions of \$0.20 per share of common stock from January 2020 through March 2020, and nine monthly distributions of \$0.08 per share of common stock from April 2020 through December 2020. The Company has paid a cumulative \$0.92 per



share of common stock in 2020 as of July 31.⁷ We intend to continue declaring monthly distributions on shares of our common stock, although we note that the actual components and amount of such distributions are subject to variation over time.

PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW

First Half of 2020 Portfolio Update

Our portfolio continues to generate meaningful cash flows. During the six-month period ended June 30, 2020, the Company received cash distributions from our portfolio, excluding called CLOs, of \$47.1 million, or approximately \$1.58 per weighted average common share. When called CLOs are included, cash flows totaled \$50.1 million, or \$1.68 per weighted average common share.

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2020, the Company made 22 new CLO equity and debt investments with total purchase proceeds of approximately \$49.5 million. The Company also opportunistically sold 7 CLO equity and debt investments, generating aggregate sales proceeds of approximately \$14.6 million.

As of June 30, 2020, the weighted average expected yield on our CLO equity portfolio (excluding called CLOs), based on market value, was 33.57%, compared to 25.25% as of December 31, 2019. Based on amortized cost, the weighted average effective yield as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 was 12.33% and 10.36%, respectively. Importantly, we highlight the Company's effective yields include an allowance for future credit losses.

Our Adviser continues to evaluate attractive investment opportunities on our behalf both in the primary and secondary markets. Maintaining exposure to varied CLO vintage periods remains a very important part of our investment approach.

Included within the enclosed report, you will find detailed portfolio information, including certain look-through information related to the underlying collateral characteristics of the CLO equity and other unrated investments that we held as of June 30, 2020.

⁷ A portion of certain such distributions has been estimated to be a return of capital. Please refer to footnote 6.



MARKET OVERVIEW

Loan Market

In the first three months of 2020, the leveraged loan markets posted the worst quarterly return since the first quarter of 2008 and one of the worst on record. During the quarter, we also witnessed several of the fastest and largest daily and weekly dips on record. As plans to reopen economies were implemented, the leveraged loan market followed suit, beginning a steady but meaningful climb upward through May and into June. The Credit Suisse Leverage Loan Index⁸ ("CSLLI"), which is a broad index followed by many tracking the corporate loan market, generated a return of -4.76% for the first six months of 2020.

For the first half of 2020, the S&P 500 Index and Merrill Lynch High Yield Master II Index⁹ generated returns of -3.08% and -4.78%, respectively.

Retail investors signaled a strong preference for high yield in the second quarter, alongside the Fed's support and near-term expectations for a continued low rate environment. According to J.P. Morgan¹⁰, retail investors redeemed approximately \$22 billion on a net basis from loan-oriented ETFs and mutual funds in the first half of 2020, though outflows slowed in June. This compares to \$28 billion of net inflows for high-yield debt-oriented ETFs and mutual funds for the same period.

According to S&P Capital IQ, total institutional loan issuance was \$141.4 billion in the first half of 2020, down 3% from the prior-year period despite a pronounced decline in March and April. Total institutional loans outstanding stood at \$1.2 trillion as of June 30, 2020, comparable with where it stood as of December 31, 2019. While new issue loan spreads have stabilized through the end of the second quarter, they remain above pre-pandemic levels for the prior eight years.

Over 35% of the leveraged loan market was downgraded by one or more rating agency during the first half of 2020. While loans rated B- or lower continue to represent over 33% of the S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index, ratings downgrades of loans slowed as we approached the end of the second quarter, and prices increased. The percentage of loans trading below 80, an important metric for CLOs, dramatically improved through the end of the second quarter, from a peak of 57% on March 23, down to 15% in May and registering just 8% of the index on June 30, 2020, according to Leveraged Commentary & Data ("LCD").

⁸ The CSLLI tracks the investable universe of the US dollar-denominated leveraged loan market. The performance of an index is not an exact representation of any particular investment, as you cannot invest directly in an index.

⁹ The Merrill Lynch US High Yield Master II Index tracks the performance of US dollar-denominated below investment grade corporate debt publicly issued in the US domestic market.
¹⁰ JPMorgan Chase & Co. North American Credit Research – JPM High Yield and Leveraged Loan Research (cumulative)

¹⁰ JPMorgan Chase & Co. North American Credit Research – JPM High Yield and Leveraged Loan Research (cumulative 2020 reports).



While the first half of 2020 saw 60 corporate defaults in the leveraged loan market, we believe the majority of these scenarios reflected pre-pandemic issues that were accelerated by the crisis.

The U.S. loan default rate as of June 30, 2020 was 3.96%, up from 1.38% as of June 30, 2019 and above the long-term average of 3.0%, according to J.P. Morgan.

As of June 30, 2020, the Company's exposure to defaulted loans was only 1.65%. Only 7.1% of the loans in our underlying loan portfolios mature prior to 2023, providing a significant majority of our corporate borrowers with years of runway before their debt is due.

We believe the full impact of COVID-19 has, at a minimum, been delayed and that the corporate default curve will be "flattened" (but lengthened) thanks to the stabilizing actions taken by the Fed. In addition, we note that many companies have done a good job of trimming expenses quickly. Due to the Fed's actions and quick corporate actions, the overall economic impact of COVID-19 may end up being significantly less severe than many anticipated at the end of the first quarter.

As a reminder, for CLOs, the threat of potential rating downgrades (and defaults) highlights an important CLO metric: the junior overcollateralization ("OC") cushion. CLOs have a specific threshold (typically 7.5%) of CCC-rated loans they can hold before the overcollateralization test is adversely impacted through haircuts on CCC loans that exceed the specified threshold. If the OC numerator drops too much, distributions to equity tranches, and potentially junior CLO debt tranches, could be suspended until the OC test is cured with those cashflows redirected to pay the CLO's debt.

While the 7.5% threshold, common in many CLOs, attracts a significant amount of attention, it is very important to understand that the consequence for exceeding that limit is a haircut to the numerator of the OC test and does not require a CLO to sell any loans. We have lost track of the number of times that we heard market nay-sayers cite a "forced sale" requirement for excess CCCs in CLOs. Be assured that there is no such requirement in any CLO we own, nor are such provisions conventional in the market.

Even more importantly, these overcollateralization tests matter only four days a year in a CLO – on the quarterly payment determination date for each CLO. The other 361 days of the year, the test has no consequence and collateral managers are free to manage their loan portfolios in accordance with the terms of the CLO. In our experience, if a CLO were at risk of failing a test, the fact that the OC tests are only measured quarterly typically provides ample runway to make adjustments in a portfolio to potentially cure the test before the next determination date.

CLO collateral managers working to keep their OC ratios onsides (to avoid cashflow diversions) were certainly supported by the price recovery of CCC-rated loans. As of June 30, 2020, 52% of CCC-rated loans were trading above 80 (any loans bought at 80 or above are counted as par in the numerator of the OC test), allowing many managers to correct or improve their OC ratios by reducing CCC exposures through sales, often without taking par losses. Nomura reported



that CLO managers sold 0.5% of CCC-rated assets, measured against their overall portfolio sizes, in June. Nomura also reported that over 30 CLOs cured previously failing interest diversion tests. Our equity portfolio's weighted average junior OC cushion as of June 30, 2020 was 0.83%.

In our opinion, the importance of partnering with high quality CLO collateral managers continues to be essential and a key tenet of our investment process. We believe the current challenged environment only magnifies the importance of CLO collateral manager selection and surveillance. For example, a CLO collateral manager can improve their OC cushion by making relative value trades. We believe that only a select few CLO collateral managers truly possess this understanding and skill set.

CLO Market

The first six months of 2020 saw significant moves in CLO debt spreads. We saw AAA liabilities widen dramatically from a low of 126 bps in January to spreads in the low 400 bps range in March, before tightening to an average of 165 bps at the end of June. While a rapid tightening, liabilities remain wide compared to the average new issue AAA spread at this time last year.

After early greenshoots in April, CLO new issuance reemerged in earnest during May and June. According to LCD, total new US CLO issuance in the first half of 2020 totaled \$35.1 billion. Reset and refinance activity continued, also at a much slower pace compared to years prior, with \$9 billion of resets and \$16 billion of refinancings in the first half of 2020.

Ratings downgrades of CLO tranches slowed towards the end of the first half of 2020, but not before 30% of U.S. CLOs experienced negative ratings action (either downgrades or placed on credit-watch negative) in the first half of the year, according to Citi. A number of factors are considered when a CLO tranche is put on negative watch or downgrade, including but not limited to triple-C rated exposures, junior OC cushion, trading losses / gains, loan defaults and downgrades, as well as the reinvestment period remaining and specific language of the CLO's indenture. We do not believe the rating agencies give sufficient credit to the ability to reinvest at discounted loan prices when they stress CLOs.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

In addition to the Company's regulatory requirement to file certain quarterly and annual portfolio information as described further in the enclosed report, the Company makes a monthly estimate of NAV and certain additional financial information available to investors via our website (www.eaglepointcreditcompany.com). This information includes (1) an estimated range of the Company's net investment income and realized capital gains or losses per share of common stock for each calendar quarter end, generally made available within the first fifteen days after

¹¹ Source: Wells Fargo. As of June 30, 2020.



the applicable calendar month end, (2) an estimated range of the Company's NAV per share of common stock for the prior month end and certain additional portfolio-level information, generally made available within the first fifteen days after the applicable calendar month end, and (3) during the latter part of each month, an updated estimate of NAV, if applicable, and, with respect to each calendar quarter end, an updated estimate of the Company's net investment income and realized capital gains or losses per share for the applicable quarter, if available.

SUBSEQUENT DEVELOPMENTS

Management's unaudited estimate of the range of the Company's NAV per share of common stock was between \$7.82 and \$7.92 as of July 31, 2020. The midpoint of this range represents an increase of 5.6% compared to the NAV per common share as of June 30, 2020.

On July 31, 2020, the Company paid a monthly distribution of \$0.08 per common share to holders of record on July 13, 2020. Additionally, and as previously announced, the Company declared distributions of \$0.08 per share of common stock payable on each of August 31, 2020, September 30, 2020, October 30, 2020, November 30, 2020 and December 31, 2020 to holders of record on August 12, 2020, September 11, 2020, October 13, 2020, November 12, 2020 and December 11, 2020, respectively.

On July 31, 2020, the Company paid a monthly distribution of \$0.161459 per share of the Company's Series B Term Preferred Stock to holders of record on July 13, 2020. Additionally, and as previously announced, the Company declared distributions of \$0.161459 per share on Series B Term Preferred Stock, payable on each of August 31, 2020, September 30, 2020, October 30, 2020, November 30, 2020 and December 31, 2020 to holders of record on August 12, 2020, September 11, 2020, October 13, 2020, November 12, 2020 and December 11, 2020, respectively.

In the period from July 1, 2020 through August 7, 2020, the Company issued 78,679 shares of our common stock pursuant to the "at-the-market" offering, for total net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$0.6 million.

In the period from July 1, 2020 through August 7, 2020, the Company received cash distributions on its investment portfolio of \$15.7 million. During that same period, the Company made net new investments totaling \$5.6 million. As of August 7, 2020, the Company had \$22.6 million of cash available for investment.

* * * * *

We appreciate the trust and confidence our stockholders have placed in the Company.



Thomas Majewski Chief Executive Officer

This letter is intended to assist stockholders in understanding the Company's performance during the six months ended June 30, 2020. The views and opinions in this letter were current as of August 7, 2020. Statements other than those of historical facts included herein may constitute forward-looking statements and are not guarantees of future performance or results and involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors. The Company undertakes no duty to update any forward-looking statement made herein. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this stockholder letter and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this stockholder letter or any other report we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.



Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. Semiannual Report – June 30, 2020

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Important Information

This report is transmitted to the stockholders of Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. ("we", "us", "our" or the "Company") and is furnished pursuant to certain regulatory requirements. This report and the information and views herein do not constitute investment advice, or a recommendation or an offer to enter into any transaction with the Company or any of its affiliates. This report is provided for informational purposes only, does not constitute an offer to sell securities of the Company and is not a prospectus. From time to time, the Company may have a registration statement relating to one or more of its securities on file with the US Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Any registration statement that has not yet been declared effective by the SEC, and any prospectus relating thereto, is not complete and may be changed. Any securities that are the subject of such a registration statement may not be sold until the registration statement filed with the SEC is effective.

The information and its contents are the property of Eagle Point Credit Management LLC (the "Adviser") and/or the Company. Any unauthorized dissemination, copying or use of this presentation is strictly prohibited and may be in violation of law. This presentation is being provided for informational purposes only.

Investors should read the Company's prospectus and SEC filings (which are publicly available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC website at http://www.sec.gov) carefully and consider their investment goals, time horizons and risk tolerance before investing in the Company. Investors should consider the Company's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses carefully before investing in securities of the Company. There is no guarantee that any of the goals, targets or objectives described in this report will be achieved.

An investment in the Company is not appropriate for all investors. The investment program of the Company is speculative, entails substantial risk and includes investment techniques not employed by traditional mutual funds. An investment in the Company is not intended to be a complete investment program. Shares of closed-end investment companies, such as the Company, frequently trade at a discount from their net asset value ("NAV"), which may increase investors' risk of loss. Past performance is not indicative of, or a guarantee of, future performance. The performance and certain other portfolio information quoted herein represents information as of June 30, 2020. Nothing herein should be relied upon as a representation as to the future performance or portfolio holdings of the Company. Investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate, and shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. The Company's performance is subject to change since the end of the period noted in this report and may be lower or higher than the performance data shown herein.

Neither the Adviser nor the Company provide legal, accounting or tax advice. Any statement regarding such matters is explanatory and may not be relied upon as definitive advice. Investors should consult with their legal, accounting and tax advisors regarding any potential investment. The information presented herein is as of the dates noted herein and is derived from financial and other information of the Company, and, in certain cases, from third party sources and reports (including reports of third party custodians, CLO managers and trustees) that have not been independently verified by the Company. As noted herein, certain of this information is estimated and unaudited, and therefore subject to change. We do not represent that such information is accurate or complete, and it should not be relied upon as such.

About Eagle Point Credit Company Inc.

The Company is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company. The Company's primary investment objective is to generate high current income, with a secondary objective to generate capital appreciation, primarily through investment in equity and junior debt tranches of CLOs. The Company is externally managed and advised by Eagle Point Credit Management LLC. The Company makes certain unaudited portfolio information available each month on its website in addition to making certain other unaudited financial information available on its website (www.eaglepointcreditcompany.com). This information includes (1) an estimated range of the Company's net investment income ("NII") and realized capital gains or losses per weighted average share of common stock for each calendar quarter end, generally made available within the first fifteen days after the applicable calendar month end, (2) an estimated range of the Company's NAV per share of common stock for the prior month end and certain additional portfolio-level information, generally made available within the first fifteen days after the applicable calendar month end, and (3) during the latter part of each month, an updated estimate of NAV, if applicable, and, with respect to each calendar quarter end, an updated estimate of the Company's NII and realized capital gains or losses per share for the applicable quarter, if available.

Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this Semiannual Report and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this Semiannual Report or any other report we file with the SEC.

Forward-Looking Statements

This report may contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Statements other than statements of historical facts included in this report may constitute forward-looking statements and are not guarantees of future performance or results and involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors, including those described in the Company's filings with the SEC. The Company undertakes no duty to update any forward-looking statement made herein. All forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report.

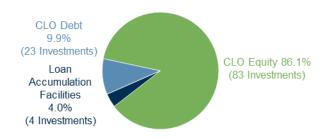
Notes

- The summary of portfolio investments shown is based on the estimated fair value of the underlying positions as of June 30, 2020.
- The information presented herein is on a look-through basis to the collateralized loan obligation, or "CLO", equity and related investments (i.e. loan accumulation facilities) held by the Company as of June 30, 2020 (except as otherwise noted) and reflects the aggregate underlying exposure of the Company based on the portfolios of those investments. The data is estimated and unaudited and is derived from CLO trustee reports received by the Company relating to June 2020 and from custody statements and/or other information received from CLO collateral managers and other third party sources. Information relating to the market price of underlying collateral is as of month end; however, with respect to other information shown, depending on when such information was received, the data may reflect a lag in the information reported. As such, while this information was obtained from third party data sources, June 2020 trustee reports and similar reports, other than market price, it does not reflect actual underlying portfolio characteristics as of June 30, 2020 and this data may not be representative of current or future holdings. The weighted average remaining reinvestment period information is based on the fair value of CLO equity investments held by the Company as of June 30, 2020.
- We obtain exposure in underlying senior secured loans indirectly through CLOs and related investments.
- Credit ratings shown are based on those assigned by Standard & Poor's Rating Group, or "S&P," or, for comparison and informational purposes, if S&P does not assign a rating to a particular obligor, the weighted average rating shown reflects the S&P equivalent rating of a rating agency that rated the obligor provided that such other rating is available with respect to a CLO equity or related investment held by us. In the event multiple ratings are available, the lowest S&P rating, or if there is no S&P rating, the lowest equivalent rating, is used. The ratings of specific borrowings by an obligor may differ from the rating assigned to the obligor and may differ among rating agencies. For certain obligors, no rating is available in the reports received by the Company. Such obligors are not shown in the graphs and, accordingly, the sum of the percentage in the graphs may not equal 100%. Ratings below BBB- are below investment grade. Further information regarding S&P's rating methodology and definitions may be found on its website (www.standardandpoors.com). This data includes underlying portfolio characteristics of the Company's CLO equity and loan accumulation facility portfolio.
- Industry categories are based on the S&P industry categorization of each obligor as reported in CLO trustee reports to the extent so reported. Certain CLO trustee reports do not report the industry category of all of the underlying obligors and where such information is not reported, it is not included in the summary look-through industry information shown. As such, the Company's exposure to a particular industry may be higher than that shown if industry categories were available for all underlying obligors. In addition, certain underlying obligors may be re-classified from time to time based on developments in their respective businesses and/or market practices. Accordingly, certain underlying borrowers that are currently, or were previously, summarized as a single borrower in a particular industry may in current or future periods be reflected as multiple borrowers or in a different industry, as applicable.
- 6 Certain CLO trustee reports do not provide the industry classification for certain underlying obligors. These obligors are not summarized in the look-through industry data shown; if they were reflected, they would represent 4.1%.

Summary of Certain Unaudited Portfolio Characteristics

The information presented below is on a look—through basis to the collateralized loan obligation, or "CLO", equity and related investments held by the Company as of June 30, 2020 (except as otherwise noted) and reflects the aggregate underlying exposure of the Company based on the portfolios of those investments. The data is estimated and unaudited and is derived from CLO trustee reports received by the Company relating to June 2020 and from custody statements and/or other information received from CLO collateral managers, or other third party sources.

Summary of Portfolio Investments (as of 6/30/2020)1



Summary of Underlying Portfolio Characteristics (as of 6/30/2020) ²				
Number of Unique Underlying Obligors	1,513			
Largest Exposure to an Individual Obligor	0.93%			
Average Individual Obligor Exposure	0.07%			
Top 10 Obligors Exposure	5.82%			
Currency: USD Exposure	99.63%			
Aggregate Indirect Exposure to Senior Secured Loans ³	98.10%			
Weighted Average Junior OC Cushion	0.83%			
Weighted Average Market Value of Collateral	90.05%			
Weighted Average Stated Spread	3.55%			
Weighted Average Rating ⁴	B+/B			
Weighted Average Maturity	4.7 years			
Weighted Average Remaining CLO Reinvestment Period	2.7 years			

The top ten underlying obligors on a look-through basis to the Company's CLO equity and other unrated investments as of June 30, 2020 are provided below:

Top 10 Underlying Obligors	3 2
Obligor	% of Total
Altice	0.9%
TransDigm	0.7%
Asurion	0.7%
American Airlines Inc	0.7%
Dell Inc	0.5%
Sinclair Television Group	0.5%
CenturyLink	0.5%
Micro Focus	0.5%
Bass Pro Group LLC	0.4%

0.4%

5.8%

The credit ratings distribution of the underlying obligors on a look-through basis to the Company's June 30, 2020 is provided below:

Univision Communications

Total

Rating Distribution of Underlying Obligors^{2,4}



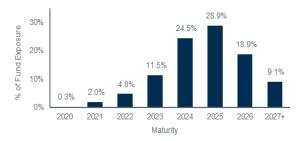
The top ten industries of the underlying obligors on a look-through basis to the Company's CLO equity and other unrated investments as of June 30, 2020 are provided below:

Top 10 Industries of Underlying Obligors^{2,5,6}

Industry	% of Total
Technology	10.7%
Health Care	8.7%
Publishing	7.7%
Telecommunications	5.4%
Commercial Services & Supplies	5.3%
Financial Intermediaries	5.1%
Lodging & Casinos	4.9%
Building & Development	3.5%
Chemicals & Plastics	3.1%
Utilities	3.0%
Total	57.3%

The maturity distribution of the underlying obligors on a look-through basis to the Company's CLO equity and other unrated investments as of June 30, 2020 is provided below:

Maturity Distribution of Underlying Obligors²



Consolidated Financial Statements for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

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Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. & Subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities

As of June 30, 2020 (expressed in U.S. dollars) (Unaudited)

ASSETS	
Investments, at fair value (cost \$581,490,462)	\$ 340,270,477
Cash and cash equivalents	22,257,972
Receivable for securities sold	18,622,775
Interest receivable	15,990,270
Prepaid expenses	266,781
Total Assets	397,408,275
LIABILITIES	
6.6875% Unsecured Notes due 2028, at fair value under the fair value option (aggregate principal amount of \$64,847,575) (Note 7)	 59,594,921
7.75% Series B Term Preferred Stock due 2026 (Note 6):	
7.75% Series B Term Preferred Stock due 2026 (1,884,726 shares outstanding)	47,118,150
Unamortized deferred issuance costs associated with 7.75% Series B Term Preferred Stock due 2026	(1,783,062)
Net 7.75% Series B Term Preferred Stock due 2026 less associated unamortized deferred issuance costs	 45,335,088
6.75% Unsecured Notes due 2027 (Note 7):	
6.75% Unsecured Notes due 2027	28,887,200
Unamortized deferred issuance costs associated with 6.75% Unsecured Notes due 2027	(933,446)
Net 6.75% Unsecured Notes due 2027 less associated unamortized deferred issuance costs	27,953,754
D. dl. Come W. and book	22.715.701
Payable for securities purchased	23,715,781
Incentive fee payable	2,902,636
Management fee payable	1,209,652
Professional fees payable	347,095 208,301
Administration fees payable Directors! fees payable	198,750
Directors' fees payable Due to affiliates	14,258
Tax expense payable	10,000
Other expenses payable	23.182
Total Liabilities	 161,513,418
Total Entonides	 101,515,410
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 9)	
NET ASSETS applicable to 31,675,534 shares of \$0.001 par value common stock outstanding	\$ 235,894,857
NET ASSETS consist of:	
Paid-in capital (Note 5)	\$ 480,374,849
Aggregate distributable earnings (losses)	(249,616,483)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	 5,136,491
Total Net Assets	\$ 235,894,857
Net asset value per share of common stock	\$ 7.45

Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. & Subsidiaries Consolidated Schedule of Investments

As of June 30, 2020 (expressed in U.S. dollars) (Unaudited)

Issuer (1)	Investment (2)	Acquisition Date (3)	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value (4)	% of Net Assets
CLO Debt (5)						
ALM XVI, Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class C-R2 (3.92% due 07/15/27)	02/28/20	\$ 1,242,500	\$ 1,222,367	\$ 1,165,341	0.49%
Avery Point V CLO, Limited	CLO Secured Note - Class E (6.03% due 07/17/26)	06/08/18	3,950,000	3,859,589	2,350,645	1.00%
Avery Point V CLO, Limited	CLO Secured Note - Class F (6.63% due 07/17/26)	06/06/18	891,735	835,009	312,999	0.13%
Battalion CLO X Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class C-R (4.47% due 01/24/29)	02/28/20	2,200,000	2,188,473	2,093,960	0.89%
Catamaran CLO 2014-1 Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class A-1A (2.36% due 04/22/30)	06/10/20	2,760,838	2,690,258	2,691,817	1.14%
CIFC Funding 2015-III, Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class F-R (7.94% due 04/19/29)	02/23/18	2,450,000	2,370,157	1,603,525	0.68%
Cutwater 2015-I, Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class E-R (7.17% due 01/15/29)	10/15/18	2,756,250	2,715,066	1,794,319	0.76%
Dryden 53 CLO, Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class F (8.72% due 01/15/31)	11/28/17	830,000	807,070	575,190	0.24%
Flagship CLO VIII, Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class F-R (7.02% due 01/16/26)	01/18/18	8,155,360	8,031,156	3,494,572	1.48%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2013-1, Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class B (4.12% due 04/15/25)	06/17/20	400,000	394,036	394,000	0.17%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2013-2, Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class C (3.39% due 08/01/25)	06/17/20	425,000	418,660	418,753	0.18%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-2, Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class B-R (3.59% due 04/28/25)	06/17/20	1,100,000	1,069,923	1,073,050	0.45%
HarbourView CLO VII-R, Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class F (9.41% due 07/18/31)	05/17/18	751,830	710,098	291,334	0.12%
Marathon CLO VII Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class D (6.29% due 10/28/25)	02/08/18	2,983,940	2,940,528	1,355,903	0.57%
Marathon CLO VIII Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class D-R (7.58% due 10/18/31)	08/14/18	4,150,000	4,076,292	2,033,915	0.86%
Marathon CLO XI Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class D (6.64% due 04/20/31)	02/06/18	1,650,000	1,650,000	896,445	0.38%
Octagon Investment Partners 27, Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class F-R (9.07% due 07/15/30)	07/05/18	900,000	843,733	625,140	0.27%
Octagon Investment Partners 46, Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class D (4.85% due 07/15/33)	06/26/20	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,250,000	0.53%
OZLM Funding IV, Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class A-1-R (2.35% due 10/22/30)	06/19/20	2,751,502	2,675,963	2,675,836	1.13%
OZLM XXII, Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class D (6.43% due 01/17/31)	02/05/18	900,000	896,275	666,000	0.28%
Steele Creek CLO 2019-1, Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class E (8.23% due 04/15/32)	03/22/19	2,810,000	2,702,497	2,078,276	0.88%
THL Credit Wind River 2013-2 CLO Ltd.	CLO Secured Note - Class A-R (2.37% due 10/18/30)	06/17/20	2,386,370	2,326,866	2,332,676	0.99%
Zais CLO 8, Limited	CLO Secured Note - Class A (2.17% due 04/15/29)	06/09/20	1,656,659	1,607,227	1,598,676	0.68%
CLO Equity (6) (7)				48,281,243	33,772,372	14.32%
	CLO P61 Sh (-stimated sixtle-6 0.000/ doc-10.200.200 (8)	06/02/16	9.725.000	922 (22	c00 000	0.200
ALM VIII, Ltd.	CLO Preferred Shares (estimated yield of 0.00% due 10/20/28) (8)	06/02/16	8,725,000	833,623	698,000	0.30%
Apidos CLO XIV	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 04/15/25) (8)	06/06/14	11,177,500	216,667	111,775	0.05%
Ares XXXIX CLO Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 12.04% due 04/18/31)	06/22/16	4,521,000	3,200,079	1,960,814	0.83%
Ares XLI CLO Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 7.83% due 01/15/29) (9)	11/29/16	19,470,000	14,141,496	6,647,360	2.82%
Ares XLIII CLO Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 9.18% due 10/15/29) (9)	04/04/17	20,100,000	15,162,244	7,699,580	3.26%
Ares LI CLO Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 13.81% due 04/15/31) (9)	01/25/19	12,289,349	9,536,037	7,173,189	3.04%
Atrium XI	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 10/23/25) (8)	02/07/17	5,903,000	117,642	59,030	0.03%
Avery Point V CLO, Limited	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 07/17/26) (10)	10/16/14	13,687,500	4,558,912	68,438	0.03%
Bain Capital Credit CLO 2016-2, Limited	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 01/15/29) (9) (10)	11/30/16	16,700,000	11,163,245	3,106,834	1.32%
Barings CLO Ltd. 2018-I	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 15.81% due 04/15/31) (9)	02/23/18	20,808,000	16,072,183	11,569,372	4.90%
Barings CLO Ltd. 2019-I	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 17.31% due 04/15/31) (9)	02/12/19	11,150,000	8,815,446	7,396,152	3.14%
Barings CLO Ltd. 2019-II	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 16.11% due 04/15/31) (9)	03/15/19	14,450,000	10,838,842	8,445,710	3.58%
Battalion CLO IX Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 17.79% due 07/15/31) (9)	07/09/15	18,734,935	13,270,531	10,106,565	4.28%
Birchwood Park CLO, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 07/15/26) (8)	05/23/17	1,575,000	58,121	31,500	0.01%
BlueMountain CLO 2013-2 Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.33% due 10/22/30)	10/21/14	5,000,000	3,026,710	530,499	0.22%
BlueMountain CLO 2018-1 Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 56.48% due 07/30/30)	03/26/20	5,550,000	1,290,375	1,333,493	0.57%
Bluemountain CLO XXIV Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 22.46% due 04/20/31)	06/16/20	3,900,000	2,364,750	2,389,387	1.01%
Bluemountain CLO XXV Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 22.80% due 07/15/32)	06/23/20	2,275,000	1,426,100	1,431,267	0.61%
Bowman Park CLO Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 11/23/25) (10)	10/29/15	8,180,000	3,695,633	572,600	0.24%
Bristol Park CLO, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 13.97% due 04/15/29) (9)	11/01/16	34,250,000	24,076,983	15,997,195	6.78%
Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2014-5, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 27.38% due 07/15/31)	06/02/16	10,800,000	4,277,476	2,158,543	0.92%
Carlyle US CLO 2017-4, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 14.41% due 01/15/30)	10/13/17	7,874,061	5,849,866	3,377,074	1.43%
	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 14.41% due 01/13/30) (9)	06/06/14	17,265,625	7,447,252	4,520,919	1.92%
CIFC Funding 2013-II, Ltd. CIFC Funding 2014, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 14.62% due 10/18/30) CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 14.62% due 01/18/31) (9)	06/06/14	16,033,750	8,776,954	5,354,912	2.27%
CIFC Funding 2014, Etd. CIFC Funding 2014-III, Ltd.				9,698,209		
_	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 14.27% due 10/22/31)	02/17/15	19,725,000		6,065,394	2.57%
CIFC Funding 2014-IV-R, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 10.28% due 10/17/30)	08/05/14	7,500,500	4,026,721	1,758,552	0.75%
CIFC Funding 2015-III, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 18.31% due 04/19/29) (9)	06/23/15	9,724,324	5,472,422	3,379,359	1.439
CIFC Funding 2019-III, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 12.34% due 07/16/32)	04/18/19	2,875,000	2,300,000	1,782,398	0.769
CIFC Funding 2019-IV, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 14.25% due 07/15/32) (9)	06/07/19	14,000,000	11,033,808	9,180,624	3.899
CIFC Funding 2020-I, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 15.40% due 07/15/32) (9)	06/12/20	9,400,000	7,501,999	7,501,999	3.189
Cutwater 2015-I, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 01/15/29) (9) (10)	05/01/15	31,100,000	16,420,265	2,610,433	1.119
Dewolf Park CLO, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 12.74% due 10/15/30) (9)	08/10/17	7,700,000	5,894,822	3,864,607	1.649
Dryden 53 CLO, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 16.13% due 01/15/31)	11/28/17	7,684,999	5,448,328	4,285,019	1.829
Dryden 56 Euro CLO 2017 B.V. (11)	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 11.40% due 01/15/32)	11/02/17	1,675,000	1,626,874	1,037,478	0.449
Dryden 64 CLO, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 33.34% due 04/18/31)	05/11/20	9,600,000	4,896,000	5,667,174	2.409
Dryden 66 Euro CLO 2018 B.V. (11)	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 7.97% due 01/18/32)	11/08/18	1,025,000	1,001,360	586,257	0.25%
Dryden 68 CLO, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 15.53% due 07/15/49) (9)	05/30/19	13,150,000	10,115,379	8,618,338	3.65%
Eaton Vance CLO 2015-1, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 27.97% due 01/20/30)	06/05/20	5,247,500	2,741,819	2,715,758	1.15%
Flagship CLO VIII, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 01/16/26) (9) (10)	10/02/14	27,360,000	9,897,451	533,434	0.239
Greenwood Park CLO, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 19.77% due 04/15/31)	03/02/20	1,900,000	1,321,832	1,241,399	0.53%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-3, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 10/22/25) (10)	09/12/14	5,750,000	2,557,502	14,375	0.019
HarbourView CLO VII-R, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 1.70% due 10.22.23)	09/29/17	1,100,000	399,175	29,940	0.017
	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 1.70% due 07/18/31) CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 04/22/22) (8)		9,050,000			0.019
Madison Park Funding VIII, Ltd.		08/18/16		34,173	45,250	
Madison Park Funding XXI, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 13.95% due 07/25/29)	08/22/16	4,150,000	2,611,656	1,814,120	0.779
Madison Park Funding XXII, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 16.41% due 10/25/29)	10/30/18	6,327,082	4,494,751	3,778,521	1.60%
Madison Park Funding XXXII, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 16.51% due 01/22/48)	10/08/19	7,200,000	4,756,518	4,396,633	1.86%
Madison Park Funding XL, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 13.71% due 02/28/47)	06/02/16	10,960,000	6,106,724	3,984,180	1.69%
		11/16/10	8,744,821	5,826,056	5,088,758	2.160
Madison Park Funding XLIV, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 15.46% due 01/23/48) CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 05/12/28) (10)	11/16/18	0,744,021	3,820,030	3,088,738	2.16%

Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. & Subsidiaries Consolidated Schedule of Investments

As of June 30, 2020 (expressed in U.S. dollars) (Unaudited)

Issuer (1)	Investment (2)	Acquisition Date (3)	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value (4)	% of Net Assets
CLO Equity (6) (7)						
Marathon CLO VII Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 10/28/25) (10)	10/30/14	\$ 10,526,000	\$ 4,875,495	\$ 52,630	0.02%
Marathon CLO VIII Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 7.12% due 10/18/31)	06/16/15	16,333,000	10,043,518	1,450,083	0.61%
Marathon CLO X Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 11/15/29) (10)	08/09/17	2,550,000	1,787,731	216,750	0.09%
Marathon CLO XI Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 11.32% due 04/20/31)	02/06/18	2,075,000	1,718,945	453,547	0.19%
Marathon CLO XII Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 10.05% due 04/18/31)	09/06/18	4,500,000	3,770,721	1,142,052	0.48%
Mariner CLO 6, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 36.38% due 07/28/31)	04/03/20	1,950,000	777,957	990,703	0.42%
Octagon Investment Partners XIV, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 7.43% due 07/15/29)	06/06/14	4,037,500	1,983,102	1,048,797	0.44%
Octagon Investment Partners XIV, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 7.43% due 07/15/29) (9)	06/06/14	16,534,625	9,851,534	4,734,352	2.01%
Octagon Investment Partners XIX, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 04/15/26) (10)	10/27/14	3,000,000	1,087,853	15,000	0.01%
Octagon Investment Partners 26, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 26.2% due 07/15/30) (9)	03/23/16	13,750,000	7,073,188	6,734,261	2.85%
Octagon Investment Partners 27, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 18.94% due 07/15/30) (9)	05/25/16	11,804,048	6,533,873	4,915,541	2.08%
Octagon Investment Partners 44, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 16.12% due 07/20/32) (9)	06/19/19	13,500,000	10,729,126	9,942,859	4.21%
Octagon Investment Partners 46, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 16.10% due 07/15/33) (9)	06/26/20	10,650,000	8,549,096	8,549,096	3.62%
OFSI BSL VIII, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 12.06% due 08/16/37) (9)	07/18/17	7,719,320	6,172,362	2,691,294	1.14%
OHA Credit Partners IX, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 10/20/25) (10)	09/05/14	6,750,000	4,310,555	2,227,500	0.94%
Steele Creek CLO 2015-1, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 5.91% due 05/21/29)	07/26/17	8,100,000	4,948,098	1,264,758	0.54%
Steele Creek CLO 2018-1, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 18.63% due 04/15/48) (9)	03/28/18	11,370,000	8,612,214		1.72%
Steele Creek CLO 2019-1, Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 15.93% due 04/15/49) (9)	03/22/19	8,500,000	6,546,050		1.76%
THL Credit Lake Shore MM CLO I Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 17.26% due 04/15/30) (9)	03/08/19	14,550,000	11,263,799		2.86%
THL Credit Wind River 2013-2 CLO Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 9.95% due 10/18/30) (9)	06/06/14	11,597,500	7,078,483		0.84%
THL Credit Wind River 2014-1 CLO Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 12.36% due 07/18/31)	05/05/16	9,681,764	5,217,550		0.76%
THL Credit Wind River 2014-2 CLO Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 7.33% due 01/15/31)	12/21/16	2,205,627	1,104,527		0.14%
THL Credit Wind River 2014-3 CLO Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 10.11% due 10/22/31)	12/17/14	11,000,000	6,727,083		0.89%
THL Credit Wind River 2016-1 CLO Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 5.12% due 07/15/28) (9)	05/18/16	13,050,000	9,184,153		1.37%
THL Credit Wind River 2017-1 CLO Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 9.08% due 04/18/29) (9)	02/02/17	14,950,000	10,985,200		2.10%
THL Credit Wind River 2017-3 CLO Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 13.18% due 10/15/30) (9)	08/09/17	18,150,000	13,997,434		3.71%
THL Credit Wind River 2018-1 CLO Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 18.04% due 07/15/30) (9)	06/22/18	15,750,000	11,911,904		4.16%
THL Credit Wind River 2019-2 CLO Ltd.	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 16.89% due 01/15/33) (9)	09/20/19	13,470,000	9,864,823		4.14%
Vibrant CLO V, Ltd.	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 2.98% due 01/20/29)	04/27/17	4,200,000	3,142,282		0.40%
Zais CLO 3, Limited	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 14.93% due 07/15/31) (9)	04/08/15	16,871,644	9,007,918		0.97%
Zais CLO 5, Limited	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 10/15/28) (10)	09/23/16	5,950,000	3,409,184		0.13%
Zais CLO 6, Limited	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 6.80% due 17/15/29)	05/03/17	11,600,000	7,072,565		0.25%
Zais CLO 7, Limited	CLO Income Note (estimated yield of 10.17% due 04/15/30)	09/11/17	12,777,500			0.59%
Zais CLO 8, Limited Zais CLO 8. Limited	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 04/15/30) CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 04/15/29) (10)	10/11/18	750,000	8,596,651 555,722		0.59%
Zais CLO 9, Limited Zais CLO 9. Limited	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 0.00% due 04/15/29) CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 8.76% due 07/20/31)	10/11/18	2,390,000	1,808,097		0.04%
Zais CLO 9, Limited	CLO Subordinated Note (estimated yield of 8.76% due 07/20/51)	10/29/18	2,390,000	519,402,693		124.13%
Loan Accumulation Facilities (6) (12)				319,402,093	292,821,078	124.13%
Steamboat V. Ltd.	Loan Accumulation Facility (Income Notes)	09/17/19	8,450,608	8,450,608	8,364,512	3.55%
	***	12/20/19				
Steamboat VI, Ltd.	Loan Accumulation Facility (Income Notes)		2,908,675	2,908,675		1.22%
Steamboat VII, Ltd.	Loan Accumulation Facility (Income Notes)	03/25/20	1,347,500	1,347,500		0.63%
Steamboat VIII, Ltd.	Loan Accumulation Facility (Income Notes) ⁽¹³⁾	12/31/19	7,138,500	1,099,743		0.39%
				13,806,526	13,677,027	5.80%
Total investments at fair value as of June 30, 202	20			\$ 581,490,462	\$ 340,270,477	144.25%
Liabilities valued at fair value option (14)						
6.6875% Unsecured Notes due 2028	Unsecured Note		\$ (64,847,575)	\$ (64,847,575	\$ (59,594,921)	-25.26%
				\$ (64,847,575	\$ (59,594,921)	-25.26%
Net assets above (below) fair value of investment	ts and liabilities at fair value				(44,780,699)	
N					e 225.007.007	
Net assets as of June 30, 2020					\$ 235,894,857	

- (1) The Company is not affiliated with, nor does it "control" (as such term is defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act")), any of the issuers listed. In general, under the 1940 Act, we would be presumed to "control" an issuer if we owned 25% or more of its voting securities.
- (2) All investments are restricted and categorized as structured finance securities.
- (3) Acquisition date represents the initial date of purchase or the date the investment was contributed to the Company
- (4) Fair value is determined in good faith in accordance with the Company's valuation policy and is approved by the Company's Board of Directors. (5) CLO debt positions reflect the coupon rates as of June 30, 2020.
- (6) The fair value of CLO equity and loan accumulation facility investments are classified as Level III investments. See Note 3 "Investments" for further discussion.
- (7) CLO subordinated notes and income notes are considered CLO equity positions. CLO equity positions are entitled to recurring distributions which are generally equal to the remaining cash flow of payments made by underlying assets less contractual payments to debt holders and CLO expenses. The effective yield is estimated based upon the current projection of the amount and timing of these recurring distributions in addition to the estimated amount of terminal principal payment. It is the Company's policy to update the effective yield for each CLO equity position held within the Company's portfolio at the initiation of each investment and each subsequent quarter thereafter. The estimated yield and investment cost may ultimately not be realized. As of June 30, 2020, the Company's weighted average effective yield on its aggregate CLO equity positions, based on current amortized cost, was 12.30%. When excluding called CLOs, the Company's weighted average effective yield on its CLO equity positions was 12.33%.
- (8) As of June 30, 2020 the investment has been called. Expected value of residual distributions, once received, is anticipated to be recognized as return of capital, pending any remaining amortized cost, and/or realized gain for any amounts re excess of such amortized cost.
- (9) Fair value includes the Company's interest in fee rebates on CLO subordinated and income notes.
 (10) As of June 30, 2020, the effective yield has been estimated to be 0%. The aggregate projected amount of future recurring distributions and terminal principal payment is less than the amortized investment cost. Future recurring distributions, once received, will be recognized solely as return of capital until the aggregate projected amount of future recurring distributions and terminal principal payment exceeds the amortized investment cost. (11) Investment is denominated in EUR.
- (12) Loan accumulation facilities are financing structures intended to aggregate loans that may be used to form the basis of a CLO vehicle.
- (13) Fair value of loan accumulation facility investment includes the market value of the underlying loans held or the price at which the loan accumulation facility could sell its assets in an orderly transaction between market participants. See Note 3 "Investments" for further discussion.
- (14) The Company has accounted for its 6.6875% notes due 2028 utilizing the fair value option election under ASC Topic 825. Accordingly, the Series 2028 Notes will be carried at their fair value.

Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. & Subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Operations

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 (expressed in U.S. dollars) (Unaudited)

INVESTMENT INCOME	
Interest income	\$ 30,501,499
Other income	2,541,268
Total Investment Income	33,042,767
EXPENSES	
Interest expense:	
Interest expense on 7.75% Series A Term Preferred Stock due 2022	160,480
Interest expense on 7.75% Series B Term Preferred Stock due 2026	1,930,727
Interest expense on 6.75% Unsecured Notes due 2027	1,070,858
Interest expense on 6.6875% Unsecured Notes due 2028	 2,208,969
Total Interest Expense on Preferred Stock and Unsecured Notes	 5,371,034
Incentive fee	4,706,783
Management fee	2,242,893
Professional fees	721,054
Administration fees	452,705
Directors' fees	198,749
Tax expense	50,379
Other expenses	436,068
Total Expenses	14,179,665
Incentive fee voluntarily waived by the Adviser (Note 4)	(106,898)
Net Expenses	14,072,767
NET INVESTMENT INCOME	 18,970,000
REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS)	
Net realized gain (loss) on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents	(1,903,174)
Net realized gain (loss) on extinguishment of Preferred Stock	(443,753)
Net realized gain (loss) on retirement of Unsecured Notes	1,332,441
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents	(97,806,659)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on liabilities at fair value under the fair value option	 969,577
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS)	(97,851,568)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	\$ (78,881,568)

Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. & Subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 (expressed in U.S. dollars) (Unaudited)

NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	\$ (78,881,568)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (1)	
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on liabilities at fair value under the fair value option	 6,205,603
Total Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	 6,205,603
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ (72,675,965)

⁽¹⁾ See Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies-*Other Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities at Fair Value*" for further discussion relating to other comprehensive income

Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. & Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Operations

(expressed in U.S. dollars) (Unaudited)

		For the six months ended June 30, 2020		For the six months ended June 30, 2019	
INVESTMENT INCOME					
Interest income	\$	30,501,499	\$	31,661,926	
Other income		2,541,268		2,215,431	
Total Investment Income		33,042,767		33,877,357	
EXPENSES					
Interest expense:					
Interest expense on 7.75% Series A Term Preferred Stock due 2022		160,480		1,914,917	
Interest expense on 7.75% Series B Term Preferred Stock due 2026		1,930,727		1,923,811	
Interest expense on 6.75% Unsecured Notes due 2027		1,070,858		1,115,557	
Interest expense on 6.6875% Unsecured Notes due 2028		2,208,969		2,249,597	
Total Interest Expense on Preferred Stock and Unsecured Notes		5,371,034		7,203,882	
Incentive fee		4,706,783		4,216,665	
Management fee		2,242,893		3,682,276	
Professional fees		721,054		597,993	
Administration fees		452,705		486,995	
Directors' fees		198,749		198,750	
Tax expense		50,379		45,000	
Other expenses		436,068		500,945	
Total Expenses		14,179,665		16,932,506	
Incentive fee voluntarily waived by the Adviser (Note 4)		(106,898)		(107,543)	
Net Expenses		14,072,767		16,824,963	
NET INVESTMENT INCOME		18,970,000		17,052,394	
REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS)					
Net realized gain (loss) on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents		(1,903,174)		(6,461,992)	
Net realized gain (loss) on extinguishment of Preferred Stock		(443,753)		(537,713)	
Net realized gain (loss) on retirement of Unsecured Notes		1,332,441		-	
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents		(97,806,659)		38,151,353	
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on liabilities at fair value under the fair value option		969,577		(1,576,413)	
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS)		(97,851,568)		29,575,235	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	\$	(78,881,568)	\$	46,627,629	

Note: The above Consolidated Statements of Operations represents the six months ended June 30, 2020, and the six months ended June 30, 2019 and has been provided as supplemental information to the consolidated financial statements.

Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. & Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Operations

(expressed in U.S. dollars) (Unaudited)

	th	For the ree months ended June 30, 2020	For the three months ended March 31, 2020		For the six months ended June 30, 2020	
INVESTMENT INCOME						
Interest income	\$	14,150,088	\$	- / /	\$	30,501,499
Other income		1,230,389		1,310,879		2,541,268
Total Investment Income		15,380,477		17,662,290		33,042,767
EXPENSES						
Interest expense:						
Interest expense on 7.75% Series A Term Preferred Stock due 2022		_		160,480		160,480
Interest expense on 7.75% Series B Term Preferred Stock due 2026		965,924		964,803		1,930,727
Interest expense on 6.75% Unsecured Notes due 2027		511,438		559,420		1,070,858
Interest expense on 6.6875% Unsecured Notes due 2028		1,084,170		1,124,799		2,208,969
Total Interest Expense on Preferred Stock and Unsecured Notes		2,561,532		2,809,502		5,371,034
Incentive fee		2,103,179		2,603,604		4,706,783
Management fee		1,209,651		1,033,242		2,242,893
Professional fees		501.170		219.884		721,054
Administration fees		209,934		242,771		452,705
Directors' fees		99,375		99,374		198,749
Tax expense		25,329		25,050		50,379
Other expenses		238,141		197,927		436,068
Total Expenses		6,948,311		7,231,354		14,179,665
Incentive fee voluntarily waived by the Adviser (Note 4)		-		(106,898)		(106,898)
Net Expenses		6,948,311		7,124,456		14,072,767
NET INVESTMENT INCOME		8,432,166		10,537,834		18,970,000
REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS)						
Net realized gain (loss) on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents		(104,342)		(1,798,832)		(1,903,174)
Net realized gain (loss) on extinguishment of Preferred Stock		-		(443,753)		(443,753)
Net realized gain (loss) on retirement of Unsecured Notes		60,597		1.271.844		1,332,441
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents		44,146,430		(141,953,089)		(97,806,659)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on liabilities at fair value under the fair value option		(851,018)		1,820,595		969,577
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS)		43,251,667		(141,103,235)		(97,851,568)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	\$	51,683,833	\$	(130,565,401)	\$	(78,881,568)

Note: The above Consolidated Statements of Operations represents the three months ended June 30, 2020, the three months ended March 31, 2020, and the six months ended June 30, 2020 and has been provided as supplemental information to the consolidated financial statements.

Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. & Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets (expressed in U.S. dollars, except share amounts) (Unaudited)

	For the six months e June 30, 20			For the year ended cember 31, 2019
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations:				
Net investment income	\$	18,970,000	\$	34,246,718
Net realized gain (loss) on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents		(1,903,174)		(7,421,004)
Net realized gain (loss) on extinguishment of Preferred Stock		(443,753)		(537,713)
Net realized gain (loss) on retirement of Unsecured Notes		1,332,441		-
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents		(97,806,659)		(32,875,481)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on liabilities at fair value				
under the fair value option		969,577		(2,104,354)
Total net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations		(78,881,568)		(8,691,834)
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on liabilities at fair value				
under the fair value option		6,205,603		(2,536,191)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		6,205,603		(2,536,191)
Common stock distributions paid to stockholders:				
Total earnings distributed		(22,314,938)		(35,882,952)
Common stock distributions from tax return of capital		(2,676,593)		(25,630,680)
Total common stock distributions paid to stockholders		(24,991,531)		(61,513,632)
Capital share transactions:				
Issuance of shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's "at the market" program,				
net of commissions and offering expenses		29,412,321		85,871,153
Issuance of shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's dividend reinvestment plan		877,171		3,015,521
Total capital share transactions		30,289,492		88,886,674
Total in success (do success) in such success		(67.279.002)		16 145 019
Total increase (decrease) in net assets		(67,378,003)		16,145,018
Net assets at beginning of period Net assets at end of period	\$	303,272,860 235,894,857	\$	287,127,842 303,272,860
net assets at end of period	D	233,694,637	Ф	303,272,800
Capital share activity:				
Shares of common stock sold pursuant to the Company's "at the market" program		2,968,387		5,279,110
Shares of common stock issued pursuant to the Company's dividend reinvestment plan		75,028		199,690
Total increase (decrease) in capital share activity		3,043,415		5,478,800

Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. & Subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 (expressed in U.S. dollars) (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ (78,881,568)
Adjustments to reconcile net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations to net cash	
provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Purchases of investments	(45,382,435)
Proceeds from sales of investments and repayments of principal (1)	39,502,980
Payment-in-kind interest	(243,395)
Net realized (gain) loss on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents	1,903,174
Net realized gain (loss) on extinguishment of Preferred Stock Net realized gain (loss) on retirement of Unsecured Notes	443,753
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on liabilities at fair value under the fair value option	(1,332,441) (969,577)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents	97,806,659
Net amortization (accretion) included in interest expense on 7.75% Series A Term Preferred Stock due 2022	13,714
Net amortization (accretion) included in interest expense on 7.75% Series B Term Preferred Stock due 2026	104,891
Net amortization (accretion) included in interest expense on 6.75% Unsecured Notes due 2027	49,715
Net amortization (accretion) of premiums or discounts on CLO debt securities	(42,929)
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Interest receivable	(3,615,796)
Prepaid expenses	158,995
Incentive fee payable	825,105 (379,366)
Management fee payable Professional fees payable	136,095
Administration fees payable	59,972
Directors' fees payable	33,124
Due to affiliates	14,258
Tax expense payable	(18,000)
Other expenses payable	 865
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 10,187,793
CASH ELOWS EDOM EINANCING ACTIVITIES	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Common stock distributions paid to stockholders	(24,991,531)
Issuance of shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's "at the market" program, net of commissions	(24,991,331)
and offering expenses	29,412,321
Issuance of shares of common stock pursuant to the Company's dividend reinvestment plan, net of change	
in receivable for shares of common stock issued	1,232,555
Redemption of 7.75% Series A Term Preferred Stock due 2022 (Note 6)	(22,725,000)
Repurchase of 6.6875% Unsecured Notes due 2028 (Note 7)	(1,700,080)
Repurchase of 6.75% Unsecured Notes due 2027 (Note 7)	 (2,044,640)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	 (20,816,375)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(10,628,582)
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,903
EFFECT OF NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	15,625
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	 32,869,026
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 22,257,972
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing activities:	
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing activities: Change in receivable for shares of common stock issued	\$ 355,384
Supplemental disclosures:	
Cash paid for interest expense on 7.75% Series A Term Preferred Stock due 2022	\$ 146,766
Cash paid for interest expense on 7.75% Series B Term Preferred Stock due 2026	\$ 1,825,836
Cash paid for interest expense on 6.75% Unsecured Notes due 2027	\$ 1,021,143

Proceeds from sales or maturity of investments includes \$21,554,413 of return of capital on CLO equity protfolio investments from recurring cash flows and distributions from called deals and \$5,731,168 of proceeds from the liquidation of loan accumulation facility investment.

Cash paid for interest expense on 6.6875% Unsecured Notes due 2028

Cash paid for franchise taxes

68,050

June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

1. ORGANIZATION

Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. (the "Company") is an externally managed, non-diversified closed-end management investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). The Company's primary investment objective is to generate high current income, with a secondary objective to generate capital appreciation. The Company seeks to achieve its investment objectives by investing primarily in equity and junior debt tranches of collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs") that are collateralized by a portfolio consisting primarily of below investment grade U.S. senior secured loans with a large number of distinct underlying borrowers across various industry sectors. The Company may also invest in other securities and instruments related to these investments or that Eagle Point Credit Management LLC (the "Adviser") believes are consistent with the Company's investment objectives, including senior debt tranches of CLOs and loan accumulation facilities ("LAFs"). From time to time, in connection with the acquisition of CLO equity, the Company may receive fee rebates from the CLO issuer. The CLO securities in which the Company primarily seeks to invest are unrated or rated below investment grade and are considered speculative with respect to timely payment of interest and repayment of principal. The Company's common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE") under the symbol "ECC."

As of June 30, 2020, the Company had two wholly-owned subsidiaries: Eagle Point Credit Company Sub (Cayman) Ltd. ("Sub I"), a Cayman Islands exempted company, and Eagle Point Credit Company Sub II (Cayman) Ltd ("Sub II"), a Cayman Islands exempted company. As of June 30, 2020, Sub I and Sub II represent 30.9% and 5.1% of the Company's net assets, respectively.

The Company was initially formed on March 24, 2014 as Eagle Point Credit Company LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Eagle Point Credit Partners Sub Ltd., a Cayman Island exempted company (the "Sole Member"), which, in turn, is a subsidiary of Eagle Point Credit Partners LP, a private fund managed by the Adviser.

The Company commenced operations on June 6, 2014, the date the Sole Member contributed, at fair value, a portfolio of cash and securities to the Company.

For the period of June 6, 2014 to October 5, 2014, the Company was a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Sole Member. As of October 5, 2014, the Company had 2,500,000 units issued and outstanding, all of which were held by the Sole Member.

On October 6, 2014, the Company converted from a Delaware limited liability company into a Delaware corporation (the "Conversion"). At the time of the Conversion, the Sole Member became a stockholder of Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. In connection with the Conversion, the Sole Member converted 2,500,000 units of the Delaware limited liability company into shares of common stock in the Delaware corporation at \$20 per share, resulting in 8,656,057 shares and an effective conversion rate of 3.4668 shares per unit. On October 7, 2014, the Company priced its initial public offering (the "IPO") and sold an additional 5,155,301 shares of its common stock at a public offering price of \$20 per share. On October 8, 2014, the Company's shares began trading on the NYSE.

On July 20, 2016, the Company entered into a custody agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Wells Fargo"), pursuant to which the Company's portfolio of securities are held by Wells Fargo.

The Company intends to operate so as to qualify to be taxed as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), for federal income tax purposes.

The Adviser is the investment adviser of the Company and manages the investments of the Company subject to the supervision of the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board"). The Adviser is registered as an investment adviser with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. Eagle Point Administration LLC, an affiliate of the Adviser, is the administrator of the Company (the "Administrator").

June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts have been eliminated upon consolidation. The Company is considered an investment company under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Company follows the accounting and reporting guidance applicable to investment companies in the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 946 *Financial Services – Investment Companies*. Items included in the consolidated financial statements are measured and presented in United States dollars.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions which affect the reported amounts included in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes as of the reporting date. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Valuation of Investments

The most significant estimate inherent in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is the valuation of investments. In the absence of readily determinable fair values, fair value of the Company's investments is determined in accordance with the Company's valuation policy. Due to the uncertainty of valuation, this estimate may differ significantly from the value that would have been used had a ready market for the investments existed, and the differences could be material.

There is no single method for determining fair value in good faith. As a result, determining fair value requires judgment be applied to the specific facts and circumstances of each portfolio investment while employing a consistently applied valuation process for the types of investments held by the Company.

The Company accounts for its investments in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and fair values its investment portfolio in accordance with the provisions of the FASB ASC Topic 820 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and requires enhanced disclosures about fair value measurements. Investments are reflected in the consolidated financial statements at fair value. Fair value is the estimated amount that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., the exit price). The Company's fair valuation process is reviewed and approved by the Board.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring investments at fair value. Market price observability is impacted by a number of factors, including the type of investment, the characteristics specific to the investment and the state of the marketplace (including the existence and transparency of transactions between market participants). Investments with readily available actively quoted prices, or for which fair value can be measured from actively quoted prices in an orderly market, will generally have a higher degree of market price observability and a lesser degree of judgment used in measuring fair value.

Investments measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories based on inputs:

- <u>Level I</u> Observable, quoted prices for identical investments in active markets as of the reporting date.
- <u>Level II</u> Quoted prices for similar investments in active markets or quoted prices for identical investments in markets that are not active as of the reporting date.
- <u>Level III</u> Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and little, if any, active market exists as of the reporting date. Fair value inputs require significant judgment or estimation from the Adviser.

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In certain cases, inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the determination of which category within the fair value hierarchy is appropriate for any given investment is based on the lowest level of input significant to that fair value measurement. The assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and consideration of factors specific to the investment.

Investments for which observable, quoted prices in active markets do not exist are reported at fair value based on Level III inputs. The amount determined to be fair value may incorporate the Adviser's own assumptions (including assumptions the Adviser believes market participants would use in valuing investments and assumptions relating to appropriate risk adjustments for nonperformance and lack of marketability), as provided for in the Company's valuation policy and accepted by the Board.

An estimate of fair value is made for each investment at least monthly taking into account information available as of the reporting date. For financial reporting purposes, valuations are determined by the Board on a quarterly basis.

See Note 3 "Investments" for further discussion relating to the Company's investments.

In valuing the Company's investments in CLO debt, CLO equity and LAFs, the Adviser considers a variety of relevant factors, including price indications from multiple dealers, or as applicable, a third-party pricing service, recent trading prices for specific investments, recent purchases and sales known to the Adviser in similar securities and output from a third-party financial model. The third-party financial model contains detailed information on the characteristics of CLOs, including recent information about assets and liabilities, and is used to project future cash flows. Key inputs to the model, including assumptions for future loan default rates, recovery rates, prepayment rates, reinvestment rates and discount rates are determined by considering both observable and third-party market data and prevailing general market assumptions and conventions as well as those of the Adviser.

The Company engages a third-party independent valuation firm as an input to the Company's valuation of the fair value of its investments in CLO equity. The valuation firm's advice is only one factor considered in the valuation of such investments, and the Board does not solely rely on such advice in determining the fair value of the Company's investments in accordance with the 1940 Act.

Other Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities at Fair Value

The Fair Value Option ("FVO") under FASB ASC Subtopic 825-10 Fair Value Option ("ASC 825") allows companies an irrevocable election to use fair value as the initial and subsequent accounting measurement for certain financial assets and liabilities. The decision to elect the FVO is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis and must be applied to an entire instrument. Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are required to be reported separately from those instruments measured using another accounting method and changes in fair value attributable to instrument-specific credit risk on financial liabilities for which the FVO is elected are required to be presented separately in other comprehensive income. Additionally, upfront offering costs related to such instruments are recognized in earnings as incurred and are not deferred.

The Company elected to account for its 6.6875% Unsecured Notes due 2028 (the "Series 2028 Notes") utilizing the FVO under ASC 825. The primary reasons for electing the FVO are to reflect economic events in the same period in which they are incurred and address simplification of reporting and presentation.

Investment Income Recognition

Interest income from investments in CLO debt is recorded using the accrual basis of accounting to the extent such amounts are expected to be collected. Interest income on investments in CLO debt is generally expected to be received in cash. Amortization of premium or accretion of discount is recognized using the effective interest method. The Company applies the provisions of Accounting Standards Update No. 2017-08 *Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities* ("ASU 2017-08") in calculating amortization of premium for purchased CLO debt securities.

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In certain circumstances, interest income may be paid in the form of additional investment principal, often referred to as payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest. PIK interest is included in interest income and interest receivable through the payment date. On the payment date, interest receivable is capitalized as additional investment principal in the CLO debt position.

CLO equity investments and fee rebates recognize investment income for U.S. GAAP purposes on the accrual basis utilizing an effective interest methodology based upon an effective yield to maturity utilizing projected cash flows. ASC Topic 325-40, *Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets*, requires investment income from CLO equity investments and fee rebates to be recognized under the effective interest method, with any difference between cash distributed and the amount calculated pursuant to the effective interest method being recorded as an adjustment to the cost basis of the investment. It is the Company's policy to update the effective yield for each CLO equity position held within the Company's portfolio at the initiation of each investment and each subsequent quarter thereafter.

LAFs recognize interest income according to the guidance noted in ASC Topic 325-40-35-1, *Beneficial Interest in Securitized Financial Assets*, which states that the holder of a beneficial interest in securitized financial assets shall determine interest income over the life of the beneficial interest in accordance with the effective yield method, provided such amounts are expected to be collected. FASB ASC 325-40-20 further defines "beneficial interests," among other things, as "rights to receive all or portions of specified cash inflows received by a trust or other entity." FASB ASC 325-40-15-7 also states that for income recognition purposes, beneficial interests in securitized financial assets (such as those in LAFs) are within the scope of ASC 325-40 because it is customary for certain industries, such as investment companies, to report interest income as a separate item in their income statements even though the investments are accounted for at fair value. The amount of interest income from loan accumulation facilities recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2020 was \$1,268,160.

Other Income

Other income includes the Company's share of income under the terms of fee rebate agreements.

Interest Expense

Interest expense includes the Company's distributions associated with its 7.75% Series A Term Preferred Stock due 2022 (the "Series A Term Preferred Stock") and its 7.75% Series B Term Preferred Stock due 2026 (the "Series B Term Preferred Stock," and collectively with the Series A Term Preferred Stock, the "Preferred Stock"), and interest, paid and accrued, associated with its 6.75% Unsecured Notes due 2027 (the "Series 2027 Notes"), and its Series 2028 Notes (collectively with the Series 2027 Notes, the "Unsecured Notes").

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company incurred a total of \$2,091,207 in interest expense on its Preferred Stock, of which \$0 was payable as of June 30, 2020. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company incurred a total of \$3,279,827 in interest expense on the Unsecured Notes, of which \$0 was payable as of June 30, 2020.

Interest expense also includes the Company's amortization of deferred issuance costs associated with its Preferred Stock and certain Unsecured Notes, as well as amortization of original issue discounts and accretion of premiums associated with its Series B Term Preferred Stock.

See Note 6 "Mandatorily Redeemable Preferred Stock" and Note 7 "Unsecured Notes" for further discussion relating to Preferred Stock issuances and Unsecured Notes issuances, respectively.

Deferred Issuance Costs

Deferred issuance costs on liabilities, which the Company does not measure at fair value under the FVO, consist of fees and expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of Preferred Stock and certain Unsecured Notes, as well as unamortized original issue discounts and premiums. The deferred issuance costs are capitalized at the time of issuance and amortized using the effective interest method over the respective terms of the Preferred Stock and certain Unsecured Notes. Amortization of deferred issuance costs is reflected in interest expense on

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Preferred Stock and interest expense on certain Unsecured Note balances in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. In the event of an early redemption or retirement of the Preferred Stock or certain Unsecured Notes, the remaining balance of unamortized deferred issuance costs associated with such Preferred Stock or certain Unsecured Notes will be accelerated into net realized loss.

Repurchase of Debt Securities

The Company records any gains from the repurchase of the Company's debt at a discount through open market transactions and subsequent retirement as a realized gain in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Securities Transactions

The Company records the purchases and sales of securities on trade date. Realized gains and losses on investments sold are recorded on the basis of the specific identification method.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company has defined cash and cash equivalents as cash and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase. The Company maintains its cash in bank accounts, which, at times, may exceed federal insured limits. The Adviser monitors the performance of the financial institution where the accounts are held in order to manage any risk associated with such accounts. The Company held \$0 in cash equivalent balances as of June 30, 2020.

Foreign Currency

The Company does not isolate the portion of its results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in the market price of such investments. Such fluctuations are included with the net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents. Reported net realized foreign exchange gains or losses may arise from sales of foreign currency, currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on investment transactions, and the difference between the amounts of dividends and interest income recorded on the Company's books and the U.S. dollar equivalent of the amounts actually received.

Expense Recognition

Expenses are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses consist primarily of insurance premiums, shelf registration expenses and at-the-market ("ATM") program expenses. Insurance premiums are amortized over the term of the current policy. Prepaid shelf registration expenses and ATM program expenses represent fees and expenses incurred in connection with maintaining the Company's current shelf registration and ATM program. Such costs are allocated to paid-in-capital for each transaction pro-rata based on gross proceeds relative to the total potential offering amount.

Any unallocated prepaid expense balance associated with the shelf registration and the ATM program are accelerated into expense at the earlier of the end of the program period or at the effective date of a new shelf registration or ATM program.

Offering Expenses

Offering expenses associated with the issuance and sale of shares of common stock are charged to paid-in capital at the time the shares are sold in accordance with guidance noted in FASB ASC Topic 946-20-25-5 *Investment Companies – Investment Company Activities – Recognition* during the period incurred.

Federal and Other Taxes

The Company intends to continue to operate so as to qualify to be taxed as a RIC under subchapter M of the Code and, as such, to not be subject to federal income tax on the portion of its taxable income and gains distributed to stockholders. To qualify for RIC tax treatment, among other requirements, the Company is required to distribute at least 90% of its investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code.

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Because U.S. federal income tax regulations differ from U.S. GAAP, distributions in accordance with tax regulations may differ from net investment income and realized gains recognized for financial reporting purposes. Differences may be permanent or temporary. Permanent differences are reclassified among capital accounts in the consolidated financial statements to reflect their tax character. Temporary differences arise when certain items of income, expense, gain or loss are recognized at some time in the future. Differences in classification may also result from the treatment of short-term gains as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes. The tax basis components of distributable earnings differ from the amounts reflected in the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities due to temporary book/tax differences arising primarily from partnerships and passive foreign investment company investments.

As of June 30, 2020, the federal income tax cost and net unrealized depreciation on securities were as follows:

Cost for federal income tax purposes \$ 529,479,132

Gross unrealized appreciation \$ 8,424,736
Gross unrealized depreciation (197,633,391)
Net unrealized depreciation \$ (189,208,655)

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company incurred \$50,050 in Delaware franchise tax expense.

Distributions

The composition of distributions paid to common stockholders from net investment income and capital gains are determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations, which differ from U.S. GAAP. Distributions to common stockholders are comprised of net investment income, realized gains or losses and return of capital for either U.S. federal income tax or U.S. GAAP purposes and are intended to be paid monthly. Distributions payable to common stockholders are recorded as a liability on record date and, unless a common stockholder opts out of the Company's dividend reinvestment plan (the "DRIP"), are automatically reinvested in full shares of the Company as of the payment date, pursuant to the DRIP. The Company's common stockholders who opt-out of participation in the DRIP (including those common stockholders whose shares are held through a broker who has opted out of participation in the DRIP) generally will receive all distributions in cash.

In addition to the regular monthly distributions, and subject to available taxable earnings of the Company, the Company may make periodic special distributions representing the excess of the Company's net taxable income over the Company's aggregate monthly distributions paid during the year (or for other purposes).

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company declared and paid distributions on common stock of \$24,991,531 or \$0.84 per share.

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company paid dividends on the Series A Term Preferred Stock (now fully extinguished) of \$146,766 or approximately \$0.16 per share.

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company declared and paid dividends on the Series B Term Preferred Stock of \$1,825,836 or approximately \$0.97 per share.

The characterization of distributions paid to common stockholders, as set forth in the Financial Highlights, reflect estimates made by the Company for federal income tax purposes. Such estimates are subject to change once the final determination of the source of all distributions has been made by the Company.

Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. & Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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3. INVESTMENTS

Fair Value Measurement

The following tables summarize the valuation of the Company's investments measured and reported at fair value under the fair value hierarchy levels described in Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" as of June 30, 2020:

Fair Value Measurement

	_	Level I	evel I Level II		Level III Level III		Total	
Assets CLO Debt	\$	-	\$	33,772,372	\$	-	\$	33,772,372
CLO Equity		-		-		292,821,078		292,821,078
Loan Accumulation Facilities		-		_	_	13,677,027		13,677,027
Total Assets at Fair Value	\$	-	\$	33,772,372	\$	306,498,105	\$	340,270,477
<u>Liabilities at Fair Value Under FVO</u> 6.6875% Unsecured Notes Due 2028	\$	(59,594,921)	\$		\$		\$	(59,594,921)
Total Liabilities at Fair Value Under FVO	\$	(59,594,921)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(59,594,921)

The changes in investments classified as Level III are as follows for the six months ended June 30, 2020:

Change in Investments Classified as Level III

		CLO Equity	A	Loan ccumulation Facilities	Total
Beginning Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	375,057,520	\$	16,354,307	\$ 391,411,827
Purchases of investments		31,941,614 (1)		19,568,000	51,509,614
Proceeds from sales or maturity of investments		(23,468,958)		(22,003,483) (1)	(45,472,441)
Net realized gains (losses) and net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)		(90,709,098)		(241,797)	(90,950,895)
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$	292,821,078	\$	13,677,027	\$ 306,498,105
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments still held as of June 30, 2020	on \$	(89,639,846)	\$	(130,388)	\$ (89,770,234)

⁽¹⁾ Reflects \$13,174,227 of proceeds from sales or maturity of investments in loan accumulation facilities transferred to purchases of investments in CLO equity.

The net realized gains (losses) recorded for Level III investments are reported in the net realized gain (loss) on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents balance in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. Net changes in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) are reported in the net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents balance in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

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The change in unrealized depreciation on investments still held as of June 30, 2020 was \$89,770,234.

Valuation of CLO Equity

The Adviser gathers price indications from dealers, if available, as part of its valuation process as an input to estimate the fair value of each CLO equity investment. Dealer price indications are not firm bids and may not be representative of the actual value where trades can be consummated. In addition, the Adviser utilizes the output of a third-party financial model to estimate the fair value of CLO equity investments. The model contains detailed information on the characteristics of each CLO, including recent information about assets and liabilities from data sources such as trustee reports, and is used to project future cash flows to the CLO note tranches, as well as management fees.

The following table summarizes the quantitative inputs and assumptions used for investments categorized in Level III of the fair value hierarchy as of June 30, 2020. In addition to the techniques and inputs noted in the table below, the Adviser may use other valuation techniques and methodologies when determining the Company's fair value measurements as provided for in the valuation policy approved by the Board. The table below is not intended to be all-inclusive, but rather provides information on the significant Level III inputs as they relate to the Company's fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020. Unobservable inputs and assumptions are periodically reviewed and updated as necessary to ensure they reflect current market conditions.

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Quantitative	iniormation	about Level	III rair vai	ue Measurements

Assets	Fair Value as of June 30, 2020		Valuation Techniques/Methodologies	Unobservable Inputs	Range / Weighted Average		
CLO Equity	\$	269,549,888	Discounted Cash Flows	Annual Default Rate	0.00% - 7.21%		
				Annual Prepayment Rate (1)	0.00% - 25.00%		
				Reinvestment Spread	2.98% - 4.94% / 3.45%		
				Reinvestment Price	85.00% - 99.00%		
				Recovery Rate	65.30% - 69.91% / 69.22%		
				Expected Yield	7.44% - 92.44% / 33.57%		

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}0\%$ is assumed for defaulted and non-performing assets.

Increases (decreases) in the annual default rate, reinvestment price and expected yield in isolation would result in a lower (higher) fair value measurement. Increases (decreases) in the reinvestment spread and recovery rate in isolation would result in a higher (lower) fair value measurement. Changes in the annual prepayment rate may result in a higher (lower) fair value, depending on the circumstances. Generally, a change in the assumption used for the annual default rate may be accompanied by a directionally opposite change in the assumption used for the annual prepayment rate and recovery rate.

The Adviser categorizes CLO equity as Level III investments. Certain pricing inputs may be unobservable. An active market may exist, but not necessarily for investments the Company holds as of the reporting date. Additionally, unadjusted dealer quotes, when obtained for valuation purposes, are indicative.

Certain of the Company's Level III investments have been valued using unadjusted inputs that have not been internally developed by the Adviser, including third-party transactions, indicative broker quotations and data reported by trustees. As a result, fair value assets of \$13,677,027 have been excluded from the preceding table. Additionally, the preceding table excludes \$16,051,095 of fair value of newly issued CLO equity valued at transacted cost and \$7,220,095 of fair value of assets pertaining to the called CLO equity and CLO equity with expected yields below 0% and over 100%.

Valuation of CLO Debt

The Company's investments in CLO debt have been valued using an independent pricing service. The valuation methodology of the independent pricing service includes incorporating data comprised of observable market transactions, executable bids, broker quotes from dealers with two sided markets, as well as transaction activity

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from comparable securities to those being valued. As the independent pricing service contemplates real time market data and no unobservable inputs or significant judgement has been used by the Adviser in the valuation of the Company's investment in CLO debt, such positions are considered Level II assets.

Valuation of Loan Accumulation Facilities

The Adviser determines the fair value of LAFs in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 820 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures utilizing the income approach as noted in ASC 820-10-55-3F (the "Income Approach"), in which fair value measurement reflects current market expectations about the receipt of future amounts (i.e. exit price). LAFs are typically short- to medium-term in nature and formed to acquire loans on an interim basis that are expected to form part of a specific CLO transaction. Pursuant to LAF governing documents, loans acquired by the LAF are typically required to be transferred to the contemplated CLO transaction at original cost plus accrued interest. In such situations, because the LAF will receive its full cost basis in the underlying loan assets and the accrued interest thereon upon the consummation of the CLO transaction, the Adviser determines the fair value of the LAF as follows: (A) the cost of the Company's investment (i.e., the principal amount invested), and (B) to the extent the LAF has realized gains (losses) on its underlying loan assets which are reported by the Trustee during the applicable reporting period, its attributable portion of such realized gains (losses).

In certain circumstances, the LAF documents can contemplate transferring the underlying loans at a price other than original cost plus accrued interest or the Adviser may determine that, despite the initial expectation that a CLO transaction would result from a LAF, such a transaction is in fact unlikely to occur and, accordingly, it is unlikely the loans held by the LAF will be transferred at cost. Rather, the loans held by the LAF will most likely be sold at market value. In such situations, the Adviser will continue to fair value the LAF consistent with the Income Approach, but modify the fair value measurement to reflect the change in exit strategy of the LAF to incorporate market expectations of the receipt of future amounts (i.e. exit price). As such, the fair value of the LAF is most appropriately determined by reference to the market value of the LAF's underlying loans, which is reflective of the price at which the LAF could sell its loan assets in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, in these situations, the Adviser will continue utilizing the Income Approach and determine the fair value of the LAF as follows: (A) the cost of the Company's investment (i.e., the principal amount invested), (B) the Company's attributable portion of the unrealized gain (loss) on the LAF's underlying loan assets, and (C) to the extent the LAF has realized gains (losses) on its underlying loan assets which are reported by the Trustee during the applicable reporting period, its attributable portion of such realized gains (losses). The Adviser's measure of the Company's attributable portion of the unrealized gain (loss) on the LAF's underlying loan assets takes into account the Adviser's current market expectations of the receipt of future amounts on such assets, which may be impacted by various factors including any applicable change in market conditions or new information.

The Adviser categorizes LAFs as Level III investments. There is no active market and prices are unobservable.

Valuation of Series 2028 Notes

The Series 2028 Notes are considered Level I securities and are valued at their official closing price, taken from the NYSE.

Investment Risk Factors and Concentration of Investments

The following list is not intended to be a comprehensive list of all of the potential risks associated with the Company. The Company's prospectus provides a detailed discussion of the Company's risks and considerations. The risks described in the prospectus are not the only risks the Company faces. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to the Company or that are currently deemed to be immaterial also may materially and adversely affect its business, financial condition and/or operating results.

Global Economic Risks

Terrorist acts, acts of war, natural disasters, outbreaks or pandemics may disrupt the Company's operations, as well as the operations of the businesses in which it invests. Such acts have created, and continue to create,

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economic and political uncertainties and have contributed to global economic instability. For example, many countries have experienced outbreaks of infectious illnesses in recent decades, including swine flu, avian influenza, SARS and the COVID-19. In December 2019, an initial outbreak of COVID-19 was reported in Hubei, China. Since then, a large and growing number of cases have been confirmed around the world, which has resulted in numerous deaths and the imposition of both local and more widespread "work from home" and other quarantine measures, border closures and other travel restrictions, causing social unrest and commercial disruption on a global scale. In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak a pandemic.

Global economies and financial markets are becoming increasingly interconnected, and conditions and events in one country, region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic has magnified these risks and has had, and will continue to have, a material adverse impact on local economies in the affected jurisdictions and also on the global economy, as cross border commercial activity and market sentiment are increasingly impacted by the outbreak and government and other measures seeking to contain its spread. The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic have contributed to increased volatility in global financial markets and likely will affect countries, regions, companies, industries and market sectors more dramatically than others. The COVID-19 pandemic has had, and any other outbreak of an infectious disease or serious environmental or public health concern could have, a significant negative impact on economic and market conditions, could exacerbate pre-existing political, social and economic risks in certain countries or regions and could trigger a prolonged period of global economic slowdown, which may impact the Company and its underlying investments. It is not known how long the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic will, or future impacts of other significant events would, last or the severity thereof. Federal, state and local governments, as well as foreign governments, have taken aggressive steps to address problems being experienced by the markets and by businesses and the economy in general; however, there can be no assurance that these measures will be adequate.

To the extent the Company's underlying investments are overweight in certain countries, regions, companies, industries or market sectors, such positions will increase the risk of loss from adverse developments affecting those countries, regions, companies, industries or sectors. The COVID-19 pandemic and related government-imposed restrictions have imposed severe financial harm on certain industries to which the Company is exposed indirectly through its CLOs' underlying loan assets. For example, the airline and hotel industries have experienced sharp declines in revenue due to restrictions on travel, hospitals and other healthcare companies have experienced financial losses as a result of increased expenses and declining revenue as patients elect to delay elective or routine procedures, and many casino operators have been forced to completely halt operations due to the imposition of mandatory business closures and to address social distancing guidelines.

To date, certain of the CLOs in which the Company invests have experienced increased defaults by underlying borrowers. Obligor defaults and rating agency downgrades have caused, and may continue to cause, payments that would have otherwise been made to the CLO equity or CLO debt securities that the Company holds to instead be diverted to buy additional loans within a given CLO or paid to senior CLO debt holders as an early amortization payment. In addition, defaults and downgrades of underlying obligors have caused, and may continue to cause, a decline in the value of CLO securities generally. If CLO cash flows or income decreases as a result of the pandemic, the portion of the Company's distribution comprised of a return of capital could increase or distributions could be reduced.

Concentration Risk

The Company is classified as "non-diversified" under the 1940 Act. As a result, the Company can invest a greater portion of its assets in obligations of a single issuer than a "diversified" fund. The Company may therefore be more susceptible than a diversified fund to being adversely affected by any single corporate, economic, political or regulatory occurrence.

Liquidity Risk

The securities issued by CLOs generally offer less liquidity than below investment grade or high-yield corporate debt, and are subject to certain transfer restrictions imposed on certain financial instruments and other eligibility requirements on prospective transferees. Other investments the Company may purchase through privately

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negotiated transactions may also be illiquid or subject to legal restrictions on their transfer. As a result of this illiquidity, the Company's ability to sell certain investments quickly, or at all, in response to changes in economic and other conditions and to receive a fair price when selling such investments may be limited, which could prevent the Company from making sales to mitigate losses on such investments.

Risks of Investing in CLOs

The Company's investments consist primarily of CLO securities and the Company may invest in other related structured finance securities. CLOs and structured finance securities are generally backed by an asset or a pool of assets (typically senior secured loans and other credit-related assets in the case of a CLO) which serve as collateral. The Company and other investors in CLO and related structured finance securities ultimately bear the credit risk of the underlying collateral. If there are defaults or the relevant collateral otherwise underperforms, scheduled payments to senior tranches of such securities take precedence over those of junior tranches, and scheduled payments to junior tranches have a priority in the right of payment to subordinated/equity tranches. Therefore, CLO and other structured finance securities may present risks similar to those of the other types of debt obligations and, in fact, such risks may be of greater significance in the case of CLO and other structured finance securities. In addition to the general risks associated with investing in debt securities, CLO securities carry additional risks, including, but not limited to: (1) the possibility that distributions from collateral assets will not be adequate to make interest or other payments; (2) the quality of the collateral may decline in value or default; (3) the fact that investments in CLO equity and junior debt tranches will likely be subordinate in the right of payment to other senior classes of CLO debt; and (4) the complex structure of the security may not be fully understood at the time of investment and may produce disputes with the issuer or unexpected investment results.

Risks of Investing in Loan Accumulation Facilities

The Company invests in LAFs, which are short- to medium-term facilities often provided by a bank that will serve as placement agent or arranger in a CLO transaction and which acquire loans on an interim basis that are expected to form part of the portfolio of a future CLO. Investments in LAFs have risks similar to those applicable to investments in CLOs. Leverage is typically utilized in such a facility and as such the potential risk of loss will be increased for such facilities employing leverage. In the event a planned CLO is not consummated, or the loans are not eligible for purchase by the CLO, the Company may be responsible for either holding or disposing of the loans. This could expose the Company primarily to credit and/or mark-to-market losses, and other risks.

Interest Rate Risk

The fair value of certain investments held by the Company may be significantly affected by changes in interest rates. Although senior secured loans are generally floating rate instruments, the Company's investments in senior secured loans through equity and junior debt tranches of CLOs are sensitive to interest rate levels and volatility. Although CLOs are generally structured to mitigate the risk of interest rate mismatch, there may be some difference between the timing of interest rate resets on the assets and liabilities of a CLO. Such a mismatch could have a negative effect on the amount of funds distributed to CLO equity investors. In addition, in the event of a significant rising interest rate environment and/or economic downturn, loan defaults may increase and result in credit losses which may adversely affect the Company's cash flow, fair value of its assets and operating results. In the event that the Company's interest expense were to increase relative to income, or sufficient financing became unavailable, return on investments and cash available for distribution to stockholders or to make other payments on the Company's securities would be reduced.

LIBOR Risk

The CLO equity and debt securities in which the Company invests earn interest at, and CLOs in which it invests typically obtain financing at, a floating rate based on LIBOR.

On July 27, 2017, the FCA announced that it will no longer persuade or compel banks to submit rates for the calculation of LIBOR rates after 2021 (the "FCA Announcement"). The FCA Announcement indicates that the continuation of LIBOR on the current basis (or at all) cannot and will not be guaranteed after 2021 and that planning a transition to alternative reference rates that are based firmly on transactions, such as reformed Sterling Over Night Index Average ("SONIA") must begin. Furthermore, in the United States, efforts to identify a set of

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alternative U.S. dollar reference interest rates include proposals by the Alternative Reference Rates Committee ("ARRC") of the Federal Reserve Board and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. On June 22, 2017, the ARRC identified the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") a broad U.S. treasuries repo financing rate to be published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as the rate that, in the consensus view of the ARRC, represented best practice for use in certain new U.S. dollar derivatives and other financial contracts. The first publication of SOFR was released in April 2018. Although there have been certain issuances utilizing SONIA and SOFR, it remains in question whether or not these alternative reference rates will attain market acceptance as replacements for LIBOR.

At this time, it is not possible to predict the effect of the FCA Announcement or other regulatory changes or announcements, the establishment of SOFR, SONIA or any other alternative reference rates or any other reforms to LIBOR that may be enacted in the United Kingdom, the United States or elsewhere. As such, the potential effect of any such event on the Company's net investment income cannot yet be determined. As LIBOR is currently being reformed, investors should be aware that: (a) any changes to LIBOR could affect the level of the published rate, including to cause it to be lower and/or more volatile than it would otherwise be; (b) if the applicable rate of interest on any CLO security is calculated with reference to a tenor which is discontinued, such rate of interest will then be determined by the provisions of the affected CLO security, which may include determination by the relevant calculation agent in its discretion; (c) the administrator of LIBOR will not have any involvement in the CLOs or loans and may take any actions in respect of LIBOR without regard to the effect of such actions on the CLOs or loans; and (d) any uncertainty in the value of LIBOR or, the development of a widespread market view that LIBOR has been manipulated or any uncertainty in the prominence of LIBOR as a benchmark interest rate due to the recent regulatory reform may adversely affect the liquidity of the securities in the secondary market and their market value. Any of the above or any other significant change to the setting of LIBOR could have a material adverse effect on the value of, and the amount payable under, (i) any underlying asset of the CLO which pay interest linked to a LIBOR rate and (ii) the CLO securities in which the Company invests.

If LIBOR is eliminated as a benchmark rate, it is uncertain whether broad replacement conventions in the CLO markets will develop and, if conventions develop, what those conventions will be and whether they will create adverse consequences for the issuer or the holders of CLO securities. If no replacement conventions develop, it is uncertain what effect broadly divergent interest rate calculation methodologies in the markets will have on the price and liquidity of CLO securities and the ability of the collateral manager to effectively mitigate interest rate risks. While the issuers and the trustee of a CLO may enter into a reference rate amendment or the collateral manager may designate a designated reference rate, in each case, subject to the conditions described in a CLO indenture, there can be no assurance that a change to any alternative benchmark rate (a) will be adopted, (b) will effectively mitigate interest rate risks or result in an equivalent methodology for determining the interest rates on the floating rate instrument, (c) will be adopted prior to any date on which the issuer suffers adverse consequences from the elimination or modification or potential elimination or modification of LIBOR or (d) will not have a material adverse effect on the holders of the CLO securities.

In addition, the effect of a phase out of LIBOR on U.S. senior secured loans, the underlying assets of CLOs, is currently unclear. To the extent that any replacement rate utilized for senior secured loans differs from that utilized for a CLO that holds those loans, the CLO would experience an interest rate mismatch between its assets and liabilities, which could have an adverse impact on the Company's net investment income and portfolio returns.

Low Interest Rate Environment

As of the date of the financial statements, interest rates in the United States are at historic lows due to the U.S. Federal Reserve's recent lowering of certain interest rates as part of its efforts to ease the economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. With the historically low interest rates, there is a risk that interest rates will rise once the COVID-19 pandemic abates. The senior secured loans underlying the CLOs in which the Company invests typically have floating interest rates. A rising interest rate environment may increase loan defaults, resulting in losses for the CLOs in which the Company invests. In addition, increasing interest rates may lead to higher prepayment rates, as corporate borrowers look to avoid escalating interest payments or refinance floating rate

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loans. Further, a general rise in interest rates will increase the financing costs of the CLOs. However, since many of the senior secured loans within these CLOs have LIBOR floors, if LIBOR is below the average LIBOR floor, there may not be corresponding increases in investment income, which could result in the CLO not having adequate cash to make interest or other payments on the securities which the Company holds.

Leverage Risk

The Company has incurred leverage through the issuances of the Preferred Stock and the Unsecured Notes, and the Company may incur additional leverage, directly or indirectly, through one or more special purpose vehicles, including indebtedness for borrowed money and leverage in the form of derivative transactions, additional shares of preferred stock and other structures and instruments, in significant amounts and on terms the Adviser and the Board deem appropriate, subject to applicable limitations under the 1940 Act. Such leverage may be used for the acquisition and financing of the Company's investments, to pay fees and expenses and for other purposes. Any such leverage does not include embedded or inherent leverage in CLO structures in which the Company invests or in derivative instruments in which the Company may invest. Accordingly, there may be a layering of leverage in overall structure. The more leverage is employed, the more likely a substantial change will occur in the Company's net asset value ("NAV"). For instance, any decrease in the Company's income would cause net income to decline more sharply than it would have had the Company not borrowed. In addition, any event adversely affecting the value of an investment would be magnified to the extent leverage is utilized.

Highly Subordinated and Leveraged Securities Risk

The Company's portfolio includes equity and junior debt investments in CLOs, which involve a number of significant risks. CLO equity and junior debt securities are typically very highly leveraged (with CLO equity securities typically being leveraged nine to thirteen times), and therefore the junior debt and equity tranches in which the Company is currently invested are subject to a higher degree of risk of total loss. In particular, investors in CLO securities indirectly bear risks of the collateral held by such CLOs. The Company generally has the right to receive payments only from the CLOs, and generally does not have direct rights against the underlying borrowers or the entity that sponsored the CLO.

Credit Risk

If a CLO in which the Company invests, an underlying asset of any such CLO or any other type of credit investment in the Company's portfolio declines in price or fails to pay interest or principal when due because the issuer or debtor, as the case may be, experiences a decline in its financial status either or both the Company's income and NAV may be adversely impacted. Non-payment would result in a reduction of the Company's income, a reduction in the value of the applicable CLO security or other credit investment experiencing non-payment and, potentially, a decrease in the Company's NAV. To the extent the credit rating assigned to a security in the Company's portfolio is downgraded, the market price and liquidity of such security may be adversely affected. In addition, if a CLO triggers an event of default as a result of failing to make payments when due or for other reasons, the CLO would be subject to the possibility of liquidation, which could result in full loss of value to the CLO equity and junior debt investors. CLO equity tranches are the most likely tranche to suffer a loss of all of their value in these circumstances.

Low Or Unrated Securities Risks

The Company invests primarily in securities that are rated below investment grade or, in the case of CLO equity securities, are not rated by a national securities rating service. The primary assets underlying the CLO security investments are senior secured loans, although these transactions may allow for limited exposure to other asset classes including unsecured loans, high yield bonds, emerging market loans or bonds and structured finance securities with underlying exposure to collateralized loan obligation and other collateralized debt obligation tranches, residential mortgage backed securities, commercial mortgage backed securities, trust preferred securities and other types of securitizations. CLOs generally invest in lower-rated debt securities that are typically rated below Baa/BBB by Moody's, S&P or Fitch. In addition, the Company may obtain direct exposure to such financial assets/instruments. Securities that are not rated or are rated lower than Baa by Moody's or lower than BBB by S&P or Fitch are sometimes referred to as "high yield" or "junk." High-yield debt securities have greater credit and liquidity risk than investment grade obligations. High-yield debt securities are generally unsecured and may

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be subordinated to certain other obligations of the issuer thereof. The lower rating of high-yield debt securities and below investment grade loans reflects a greater possibility that adverse changes in the financial condition of an issuer or in general economic conditions or both may impair the ability of the issuer thereof to make payments of principal or interest.

4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Investment Adviser

On June 6, 2014, the Company entered into an investment advisory agreement with the Adviser, which was amended and restated on May 16, 2017 (the "Advisory Agreement"). Pursuant to the terms of the Advisory Agreement, the Company pays the Adviser a management fee and an incentive fee for its services.

The management fee is calculated and payable quarterly, in arrears, at an annual rate equal to 1.75% of the Company's "total equity base." "Total equity base" means the net asset value attributable to the common stock and the paid-in, or stated, capital of the Preferred Stock. The management fee is calculated based on the "total equity base" at the end of the most recently completed calendar quarter end, and, with respect to any common stock or preferred stock issued or repurchased during such quarter, is adjusted to reflect the number of days during such quarter that such common stock and/or preferred stock, if any, was outstanding. The management fee for any partial quarter is pro-rated (based on the number of days actually elapsed at the end of such partial quarter relative to the total number of days in such calendar quarter). The Company was charged management fees of \$2,242,893 for the six months ended June 30, 2020, and has a payable balance of \$1,209,652 as of June 30, 2020.

The incentive fee is calculated and payable quarterly, in arrears, based on the pre-incentive fee net investment income (the "PNII") of the Company for the immediately preceding calendar quarter. For this purpose, PNII means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees, such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees or other fees the Company receives from an investment) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus the Company's operating expenses for the quarter (including the base management fee, expenses payable under the Administration Agreement (as defined below) and any interest expense and distributions paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock or debt, but excluding the incentive fee). PNII includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with payment in-kind interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that the Company has not yet received in cash. PNII does not include any realized or unrealized capital gains or realized or unrealized capital losses. The portion of incentive fee that is attributable to deferred interest (such as payment-in-kind interest or original issue discount) will be paid to the Adviser, without interest, only if and to the extent the Company actually receives such deferred interest in cash, and any accrual thereof will be reversed if and to the extent such interest is reversed in connection with any write-off or similar treatment of the investment giving rise to any deferred interest accrual.

PNII, expressed as a rate of return on the value of the Company's net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, is compared to a hurdle rate of 2.00% per quarter. The Company pays the Adviser an incentive fee with respect to the Company's PNII in each calendar quarter as follows: (1) no incentive fee in any calendar quarter in which the Company's PNII does not exceed the hurdle rate of 2.00%; (2) 100% of the Company's PNII with respect to that portion of such PNII, if any, exceeding the hurdle rate but equal to or less than 2.50% in any calendar quarter; and (3) 20% of the amount of the Company's PNII, if any, exceeding 2.50% in any calendar quarter. The Company incurred incentive fees of \$4,706,783 for the six months ended June 30, 2020, and has a payable balance of \$2,902,636 as of June 30, 2020. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Adviser has voluntarily waived a portion of the incentive fee in the amount of \$106,898. The waived incentive fee is not subject to recoupment by the Adviser.

Administrator

Effective June 6, 2014, the Company entered into an administration agreement (the "Administration Agreement") with the Administrator, an affiliate of the Adviser. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, the Administrator performs, or arranges for the performance of, the Company's required administrative services, which include

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being responsible for the financial records which the Company is required to maintain and preparing reports which are disseminated to the Company's stockholders. In addition, the Administrator provides the Company with accounting services, assists the Company in determining and publishing its net asset value, oversees the preparation and filing of the Company's tax returns, monitors the Company's compliance with tax laws and regulations, and prepares and assists the Company with any audits by an independent public accounting firm of the consolidated financial statements. The Administrator is also responsible for printing and disseminating reports to the Company's stockholders and maintaining the Company's website, providing support to investor relations, generally overseeing the payment of the Company's expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered to the Company by others, and providing such other administrative services as the Company may from time to time designate.

Payments under the Administration Agreement are equal to an amount based upon the Company's allocable portion of the Administrator's overhead in performing its obligations under the Administration Agreement, including rent, the fees and expenses associated with performing compliance functions and the Company's allocable portion of the compensation of the Company's chief compliance officer, chief financial officer, chief operating officer and the Company's allocable portion of the compensation of any related support staff. The Company's allocable portion of such compensation is based on an allocation of the time spent on the Company relative to other matters. To the extent the Administrator outsources any of its functions, the Company pays the fees on a direct basis, without profit to the Administrator. Certain accounting and other administrative services have been delegated by the Administrator to SS&C Technologies, Inc. ("SS&C"). The Administration Agreement may be terminated by the Company without penalty upon not less than sixty days' written notice to the Administrator and by the Administrator upon not less than ninety days' written notice to the Company. The Administration Agreement is approved by the Board, including by a majority of the Company's independent directors, on an annual basis.

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company was charged a total of \$452,705 in administration fees consisting of \$369,524 and \$83,181, relating to services provided by the Administrator and SS&C, respectively, which are included in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and, of which \$208,301 was payable as of June 30, 2020.

Affiliated Ownership

As of June 30, 2020, the Adviser and senior investment team held an aggregate of 5.0% of the Company's common stock and 0.02% of the Series B Term Preferred Stock. This represented 4.7% of the total outstanding voting stock of the Company as of June 30, 2020. Additionally, the senior investment team held an aggregate of 1.6% and 0.4% of the Series 2027 Notes and Series 2028 Notes, respectively, as of June 30, 2020.

Exemptive Relief

On March 17, 2015, the SEC issued an order granting the Company exemptive relief to co-invest in certain negotiated investments with affiliated investment funds managed by the Adviser, subject to certain conditions.

5. COMMON STOCK

As of December 31, 2019, there were 100,000,000 shares of common stock authorized, of which 28,632,119 shares were issued and outstanding.

On November 22, 2019, the Company launched an at-the-market ("ATM") offering to sell up to \$125,000,000 aggregate amount of its common stock, pursuant to a prospectus supplement filed with the SEC on November 22, 2019 and additional supplements thereafter. The offering expired on May 29, 2020.

On May 29, 2020, the Company filed a new shelf registration statement with 100,000,000 shares of common stock authorized, of which 23,694,668 shares were issued and outstanding at the time of filing. As a result of the new shelf registration, \$183,826 in remaining prepaid expense balance associated with the previous shelf registration was accelerated into expense and reflected in professional fees in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

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On June 1, 2020, the Company launched a new ATM offering to sell up to \$125,000,000 aggregate amount of its common stock, pursuant to a prospectus supplement filed with the SEC on June 1, 2020 and additional supplements thereafter. As a result of the new ATM offering, \$76,959 in remaining prepaid expense balance associated with the previous ATM program was accelerated into expense and reflected in professional fees in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company sold 2,968,387 shares of its common stock, pursuant to the ATM offerings for total net proceeds to the Company of \$29,412,321, after payment of sales agent commissions and offering expenses of \$635,050.

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, 75,028 shares of common stock were issued in connection with the DRIP for total net proceeds to the Company of \$877,171.

As of June 30, 2020, there were 100,000,000 shares of common stock authorized, of which 31,675,534 shares were issued and outstanding.

6. MANDATORILY REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK

As of June 30, 2020, there were 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock authorized, par value \$0.001 per share, of which 1,884,726 shares of Series B Term Preferred Stock were issued and outstanding.

The Company is required to redeem all outstanding shares of the Series B Term Preferred Stock on October 30, 2026, at a redemption price of \$25 per share (the "Series B Liquidation Preference"), plus accumulated but unpaid dividends, if any. At any time after October 29, 2021, the Company may, at its sole option, redeem the outstanding shares of the Series B Term Preferred Stock.

Except where otherwise stated in the 1940 Act or the Company's certificate of incorporation, each holder of Preferred Stock will be entitled to one vote for each share of preferred stock held on each matter submitted to a vote of the Company's stockholders. The Company's preferred stockholders and common stockholders will vote together as a single class on all matters submitted to the Company's stockholders. Additionally, the Company's preferred stockholders will have the right to elect two Preferred Directors at all times, while the Company's preferred stockholders and common stockholders, voting together as a single class, will elect the remaining members of the Board.

On November 22, 2019 the Company launched an ATM offering to sell up to 1,000,000 shares of Series B Term Preferred Stock with an aggregate liquidation preference of \$25,000,000, pursuant to a prospectus supplement filed with the SEC on November 22, 2019 and additional supplements thereafter. The offering expired on May 29, 2020.

On June 1, 2020 the Company launched a new ATM offering to sell up to 1,000,000 shares of Series B Term Preferred Stock with an aggregate liquidation preference of \$25,000,000, pursuant to a prospectus supplement filed with the SEC on June 1, 2020 and additional supplements thereafter.

On January 31, 2020 (the "Redemption Date"), the Company redeemed all of the outstanding Series A Term Preferred Stock at a redemption price of \$25 per share of Series A Term Preferred Stock, plus an amount equal to all accrued and unpaid dividends and distributions on each share accumulated to (but excluding) the Redemption Date. Upon the redemption of the Series A Term Preferred Stock, the Company accelerated \$443,753 of unamortized debt issuance costs into net realized loss on extinguishment of Preferred Stock in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. The Series A Term Preferred Stock has been delisted from the NYSE.

See Note 8 "Asset Coverage" for further discussion on the Company's calculation of asset coverage with respect to its Preferred Stock.

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7. UNSECURED NOTES

As of June 30, 2020, there was \$28,887,200 in aggregate principal amount of Series 2027 Notes and \$64,847,575 in aggregate principal amount of Series 2028 Notes issued and outstanding.

The Unsecured Notes were issued in minimum denominations of \$25 and integral multiples of \$25 in excess thereof.

The Series 2027 Notes will mature on September 30, 2027 and 100% of the aggregate principal amount will be paid at maturity. The Company may redeem the Series 2027 Notes in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at the Company's option, on or after September 30, 2020.

The Series 2028 Notes will mature on April 30, 2028 and 100% of the aggregate principal amount will be paid at maturity. The Company may redeem the Series 2028 Notes in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at the Company's option, on or after April 30, 2021.

The Company has accounted for its Series 2028 Notes utilizing the FVO under ASC 825. Accordingly, the Series 2028 Notes are measured at fair value under the FVO.

The estimated change in fair value of the Series 2028 Notes attributable to market risk for the six months ended June 30, 2020 is \$969,577, which is recorded as unrealized depreciation on liabilities at fair value under the FVO on the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

The estimated change in fair value of the Series 2028 Notes attributable to instrument-specific credit risk for the six months ended June 30, 2020 is \$6,205,603 which is recorded as unrealized depreciation on liabilities at fair value under the FVO on the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. The Company defines the change in fair value attributable to instrument-specific credit risk as the excess of the total change in fair value over the change in fair value attributable to changes in a base market rate, such as the 10-Year Markit CDX North America Investment Grade Index.

The Company has engaged a broker-dealer to repurchase opportunistically, on the Company's behalf, a portion of the Company's Unsecured Notes through open market transactions. The price and other terms of any such repurchases will depend on prevailing market conditions, the Company's liquidity and other factors. Depending on market conditions, the amount of Unsecured Note repurchases may be material and may continue through year-end 2020; however, the Company may reduce or extend this timeframe in its discretion and without notice. Any Unsecured Note repurchases will comply with the provisions of the 1940 Act and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Upon repurchase, the Company intends to retire the Unsecured Notes reducing the Company's outstanding leverage.

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company has repurchased on the open market and subsequently retired \$2,737,800 in aggregate principal amount of the Series 2027 Notes for a total cost of \$2,044,640 or an approximate 25.3% discount to the Series 2027 Notes' principal amount. Upon the retirement of the Series 2027 Notes, the Company recognized \$602,421 of net realized gain on retirement of Unsecured Notes which is reflected in the Consolidated Statement of Operations, which was net of \$90,739 of realized loss associated with the acceleration of unamortized deferred issuance costs of such Series 2027 Notes.

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company has repurchased on the open market and subsequently retired \$2,430,100 in aggregate principal amount of the Series 2028 Notes for a total cost of \$1,700,080 or an approximate 30.0% discount to the Series 2028 Notes' principal amount. Upon the retirement of the Series 2028 Notes, the Company recognized \$730,020 of net realized gain on retirement of Unsecured Notes which is reflected in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

See Note 8 "Asset Coverage" for further discussion on the Company's calculation of asset coverage with respect

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to its Unsecured Notes.

8. ASSET COVERAGE

Under the provisions of the 1940 Act, the Company is permitted to issue senior securities, including debt securities and preferred stock, and borrow from banks or other financial institutions, provided that the Company satisfies certain asset coverage requirements.

With respect to senior securities that are stocks, such as the Preferred Stock, the Company is required to have asset coverage of at least 200%, as measured at the time of the issuance of any such senior securities that are stocks and calculated as the ratio of the Company's total consolidated assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, over the aggregate amount of the Company's outstanding senior securities representing indebtedness plus the aggregate liquidation preference of any outstanding shares of senior securities that are stocks.

With respect to senior securities representing indebtedness, such as the Unsecured Notes or any bank borrowings (other than temporary borrowings as defined under the 1940 Act), the Company is required to have asset coverage of at least 300%, as measured at the time of borrowing and calculated as the ratio of the Company's total consolidated assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, over the aggregate amount of the Company's outstanding senior securities representing indebtedness.

If the Company's asset coverage declines below 300% (or 200%, as applicable), the Company would be prohibited under the 1940 Act from incurring additional debt or issuing additional preferred stock and from declaring certain distributions to its stockholders. In addition, the terms of the Preferred Stock and the Unsecured Notes require the Company to redeem shares of the Preferred Stock and/or a certain principal amount of the Unsecured Notes, if such failure to maintain the applicable asset coverage is not cured by a certain date.

The following table summarizes the Company's asset coverage with respect to its Preferred Stock and Unsecured Notes, as of June 30, 2020, and as of December 31, 2019:

Asset Coverage of Preferred Stock and Debt Securities

	As of June 30, 2020		As of December 31, 2019	
Total assets	\$	397,408,275	\$	474,763,713
Less liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities		(28,629,656)		(4,241,821)
Net total assets and liabilities	\$	368,778,619	\$	470,521,892
Preferred Stock	\$	47,118,150	\$	69,843,150
Unsecured Notes		93,734,775		98,902,675
	\$	140,852,925	\$	168,745,825
Asset coverage of preferred stock (1)		262%		279%
Asset coverage of debt securities (2)		393%		476%

⁽¹⁾ The asset coverage of preferred stock is calculated in accordance with section 18(h) of the 1940 Act, as generally described above.

⁽²⁾ The asset coverage ratio of debt securities is calculated in accordance with section 18(h) of the 1940 Act, as generally described above.

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9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is not currently subject to any material legal proceedings. From time to time, the Company may be a party to certain legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business, including proceedings relating to the enforcement of the Company's rights under contracts. While the outcome of these legal proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company does not expect these proceedings will have a material effect upon its financial condition or results of operations.

As of June 30, 2020, the Company had no unfunded commitments.

10. INDEMNIFICATIONS

Under the Company's organizational documents, its officers and directors are indemnified against certain liabilities arising out of the performance of their duties to the Company. In addition, during the normal course of business, the Company enters into contracts containing a variety of representations which provide general indemnifications. The Company's maximum exposure under these agreements cannot be known; however, the Company expects any risk of loss to be remote.

11. RECENT ACCOUNTING AND TAX PRONOUNCEMENTS

In August 2018, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2018-13 ("ASU 2018-13") related to FASB ASC Topic 820 Fair Value Measurement and Disclosures—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement. ASU 2018-13 eliminates, amends, and adds to the fair value measurement disclosure requirements of ASC Topic 820. The amendments are designed to provide more decision useful information to financial statement users. ASU 2018-13 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company has fully adopted the provisions of ASU 2018-13, which did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On May 18, 2020, the Company declared three separate distributions of \$0.08 per share on its common stock. The first distribution of \$2,537,726 or \$0.08 per share was paid on July 31, 2020 to holders of record as of July 13, 2020. The additional distributions are payable on each of August 31, 2020 and September 30, 2020 to holders of record as of August 12, 2020 and September 11, 2020, respectively.

On May 18, 2020, the Company declared three separate distributions of \$0.161459 per share of its Series B Term Preferred Stock. The first distribution was paid on July 31, 2020 to holders of record as of July 13, 2020. The additional distributions are payable on each of August 31, 2020 and September 30, 2020 to holders of record as of August 12, 2020 and September 11, 2020, respectively.

On August 11, 2020, the Company declared three separate distributions of \$0.08 per share on its common stock. The distributions are payable on each of October 30, 2020, November 30, 2020 and December 31, 2020 to holders of record as of October 13, 2020, November 12, 2020 and December 11, 2020, respectively.

On August 11, 2020, the Company declared three separate distributions of \$0.161459 per share of its Series B Term Preferred Stock. The distributions are payable on each of October 30, 2020, November 30, 2020 and December 31, 2020 to holders of record as of October 13, 2020, November 12, 2020 and December 11, 2020, respectively.

For the period of July 1, 2020 to August 16, 2020, the Company sold 78,679 shares of its common stock and 0 shares of its Series B Term Preferred Stock, pursuant to the ATM offering for total net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$0.6 million.

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Management's unaudited estimate of the range of the Company's NAV per common share as of July 31, 2020 was \$7.82 to \$7.92.

Management of the Company has evaluated the need for disclosures and/or adjustments resulting from subsequent events through the date of release of this report. Management has determined there are no events in addition to those described above which would require adjustment to or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements and related notes through the date of release of this report.

Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. & Subsidiaries Financial Highlights (Unaudited)

Per Share Data	For the months ended me 30, 2020	Dec	For the year ended tember 31, 2019	Dec	For the year ended cember 31, 2018	Dec	For the year ended cember 31, 2017	Dec	For the year ended tember 31, 2016
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 10.59	\$	12.40	\$	16.77	\$	17.48	\$	13.72
Net investment income (1)(2)	0.63		1.34		1.59		1.88		2.14
Net realized gain (loss) and change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents (2)(3)	(3.36)		(1.29)		(3.92)		(0.12)		3.88
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on liabilities at fair value under the fair value option (2)	 0.03		(0.08)		0.06				
Net income (loss) and net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations $^{(2)}$	(2.70)		(0.03)	_	(2.27)	_	1.76	_	6.02
Common stock distributions from net investment income (4)	(0.75)		(1.40)		(1.51)		(2.60)		(2.40)
Common stock distributions from net realized gains on investments (4)	-		-		-		-		-
Common stock distributions from tax return of capital (4)	(0.09)		(1.00)		(0.89)		(0.05)		-
Total common stock distributions declared to stockholders (4)	(0.84)		(2.40)		(2.40)		(2.65)		(2.40)
Common stock distributions based on weighted average shares impact	_		-		0.01		_		_
Total common stock distributions	(0.84)		(2.40)		(2.39)		(2.65)		(2.40)
Effect of other comprehensive income (2)(10)	0.21		(0.10)		0.06		-		-
Effect of paid-in capital contribution (2)	-		-		0.06		-		-
Effect of shares issued (5)	0.20		0.77		0.29		0.27		0.18
Effect of underwriting discounts, commissions and offering expenses associated with shares issued $^{(5)}$	(0.02)		(0.07)		(0.12)		(0.11)		(0.04)
Effect of shares issued in accordance with the Company's dividend reinvestment plan	0.01		0.02		-		0.02		
Net effect of shares issued	0.19		0.72		0.17		0.18		0.14
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 7.45	\$	10.59	\$	12.40	\$	16.77	\$	17.48
Per share market value at beginning of period	\$ 14.61	\$	14.21	\$	18.81	\$	16.71	\$	16.43
Per share market value at end of period	\$ 7.11	\$	14.61	\$	14.21	\$	18.81	\$	16.71
Total return ⁽⁶⁾	-46.54%		20.15%		-13.33%		29.45%		17.42%
Shares of common stock outstanding at end of period	31,675,534		28,632,119		23,153,319		18,798,815		16,474,879
Ratios and Supplemental Data:									
Net asset value at end of period Ratio of expenses to average net assets (7) (8) Ratio of net investment income to average net assets (7) (8) Portfolio turnover rate (9) Asset coverage of preferred stock	\$ 235,894,857 11.81% 16.07% 16.47% 262%	\$	303,272,860 10.00% 10.64% 34.83% 279%	\$	287,127,842 9.85% 9.76% 40.91% 246%	\$	315,256,439 10.43% 10.77% 41.16% 268%	\$	288,047,335 10.69% 13.72% 55.32% 286%
Asset coverage of debt securities	393%		476%		477%		537%		722%

See accompanying footnotes to the financial highlights on the following page.

Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. & Subsidiaries Financial Highlights (Unaudited)

Footnotes to the Financial Highlights:

- (1) Per share distributions paid to preferred stockholders and the aggregate amount of amortized deferred issuance costs associated with the Preferred Stock are reflected in net investment income, and totaled (\$0.07) and (\$0.00) per share of common stock, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2020, (\$0.25) and (\$0.02) per share of common stock, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2019, (\$0.33) and (\$0.02) per share of common stock, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2017, and (\$0.28) and (\$0.02) per share of common stock, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2016.
- (2) Per share amounts are based on weighted average of shares of common stock outstanding for the period.
- (3) Net realized gain (loss) and change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents includes a balancing figure to reconcile to the change in net asset value ("NAV") per share at the end of the period. The amount per share may not agree with the change in the aggregate net realized gain (loss) and change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, foreign currency and cash equivalents for the period because of the timing of issuance of the Company's common stock in relation to fluctuating market values for the portfolio.
- (4) The information provided is based on estimates available at the end of each respective period. The final tax characteristics of the Company's earnings cannot be determined until tax returns are filed after the end of the fiscal year and may vary from these estimates.
- (5) Represents the effect per share of the Company's ATM offerings as well as the Company's follow-on offerings. Effect of shares issued reflect the excess of offering price over management's estimated NAV per share at the time of each respective offering.
- (6) Total return based on market value is calculated assuming shares of the Company's common stock were purchased at the market price as of the beginning of the period, and distributions paid to common stockholders during the period were reinvested at prices obtained by the Company's dividend reinvestment plan, and the total number of shares were sold at the closing market price per share on the last day of the period. Total return does not reflect any sales load.
- (7) Ratios include distributions paid to preferred stockholders. Additionally, ratios for the six months ended June 30, 2020, for the year ended December 31, 2019 and for the year ended December 31, 2018 reflect the portion of incentive fee voluntarily waived by the Adviser of 0.05%, 0.03% and 0.09% of average net assets, respectively.
- (8) Ratios for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and for years ended December 31, 2019, December 31, 2018, December 31, 2017, and December 31, 2016 include interest expense on the Preferred Stock and the Unsecured Notes of 2.27%, 4.18%, 4.16%, 4.20%, and 3.47% of average net assets, respectively. Ratios for the year ended December 31, 2016 also include excise taxes of 0.26% of average net assets.
- (9) The portfolio turnover rate is calculated as the lesser of total investment purchases executed during the period or the total investment sales executed during the period and repayments of principal, divided by the average fair value of investments for the same period.
- (10) Effect of other comprehensive income is related to income/(loss) deemed attributable to instrument specific credit risk derived from changes in fair value associated with liabilities valued under the fair value option (ASC 825.)

Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. & Subsidiaries Supplemental Information (Unaudited)

Senior Securities Table

Information about the Company's senior securities shown in the following table has been derived from the Company's consolidated financial statements as of and for the dates noted.

Class	Total Amount Outstanding Exclusive of Treasury Securities	Asset Coverage Per Unit (1)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference Per Unit ⁽²⁾	Average Market Value Per Unit (3)
For the six months ended June 3	30, 2020			
Preferred Stock	\$47,118,150	\$65.45	\$25	\$23.65
Unsecured Notes	\$93,734,775	\$3,934.28	N/A	\$23.44
For the year ended December 31	1, 2019			
Preferred Stock	\$69,843,150	\$69.71	\$25	\$26.04
Unsecured Notes	\$98,902,675	\$4,757.42	N/A	\$25.47
For the year ended December 31	1, 2018			
Preferred Stock	\$92,568,150	\$61.55	\$25	\$25.78
Unsecured Notes	\$98,902,675	\$4,766.23	N/A	\$25.08
For the year ended December 31	1, 2017			
Preferred Stock	\$92,139,600	\$66.97	\$25	\$25.75
Unsecured Notes	\$91,623,750	\$5,372.28	N/A	\$25.96
For the year ended December 31	1, 2016			
Preferred Stock	\$91,450,000	\$71.53	\$25	\$25.41
Series 2020 Notes	\$59,998,750	\$7,221.89	N/A	\$25.29

⁽¹⁾ The asset coverage per unit figure is the ratio of the Company's total consolidated assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, to the aggregate dollar amount of outstanding applicable senior securities, as calculated separately for each of the Preferred Stock (prior to 2016, the Series A Term Preferred Stock only) and the Unsecured Notes in accordance with section 18(h) of the 1940 Act. With respect to the Preferred Stock, the asset coverage per unit figure is expressed in terms of dollar amounts per share of outstanding preferred stock (based on a per share liquidation preference of \$25.) With respect to the Unsecured Notes, the asset coverage per unit figure is expressed in terms of dollar amounts per \$1,000 principal amount of such notes.

⁽²⁾ The involuntary liquidating preference per unit is the amount to which a share of Preferred Stock would be entitled in preference to any security junior to it upon our involuntary liquidation.

⁽³⁾ The average market value per unit is calculated by taking the average of the closing price of each of (a) a share of the Preferred Stock (NYSE: ECCA, ECCB) (prior to 2016, the Series A Term Preferred Stock only; ECCA included through date of full redemption on January 31, 2020) and (b) \$25 principal amount of the Unsecured Notes (NYSE: ECCX, ECCY, ECCZ) for each day during the six months ended June 30, 2020, and for each day during the years ended December 31, 2019, December 31, 2018 (ECCX new issuance included as of April 30, 2018; ECCZ included through date of full redemption on May 22, 2018), December 31, 2017, and December 31, 2016, for which the applicable security was listed on the NYSE.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

The Company has established an automatic dividend reinvestment plan ("DRIP"). Each registered holder of at least one full share of our common stock will be automatically enrolled in the DRIP. Under the DRIP, distributions on shares of the Company's common stock are automatically reinvested in additional shares of the Company's common stock by American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, LLC (the "DRIP Agent") unless a stockholder "opts-out" of the DRIP. Holders of the Company's common stock who receive distributions in the form of additional shares of the Company's common stock are nonetheless required to pay applicable federal, state or local taxes on the reinvested distribution but will not receive a corresponding cash distribution with which to pay any applicable tax. Reinvested distributions increase the Company's stockholders' equity on which a management fee is payable to the Adviser. If we declare a distribution payable in cash, holders of shares of the Company's common stock who opt-out of participation in the DRIP (including those holders whose shares are held through a broker or other nominee who has opted out of participation in the DRIP) generally will receive such distributions in cash.

If the Company declares a distribution payable in cash, the Company will issue shares of common stock to participants at a value equal to 95% of the market price per share of common stock at the close of regular trading on the payment date for such distribution unless the DRIP Agent otherwise purchases shares in the open market, as described below. The number of additional shares of common stock to be credited to each participant's account will be determined by dividing the dollar amount of the distribution by 95% of the market price. However, the Company reserves the right to purchase shares in the open market in connection with its implementation of the DRIP. If we declare a distribution to holders of our common stock, the DRIP Agent may be instructed not to credit accounts with newly issued shares and instead to buy shares in the open market if (i) the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited does not exceed 110% of the last determined NAV of the shares; or (ii) the Company has advised the DRIP Agent that since such NAV was last determined, the Company has become aware of events that indicate the possibility of a material change in per share NAV as a result of which the NAV of the shares on the payment date might be higher than the price at which the DRIP Agent would credit newly issued shares to stockholders.

In the event that the DRIP Agent is instructed to buy shares of our common stock in the open market, the DRIP Agent (or the DRIP Agent's broker) will have until the last business day before the next date on which the shares trade on an "ex-dividend" basis or 30 days after the payment date for the applicable distribution, whichever is sooner (the "Last Purchase Date"), to invest the distribution amount in shares acquired in the open market. Open market purchases may be made on any securities exchange where shares of our common stock are traded, in the over-the-counter market or in negotiated transactions, and may be on such terms as to price, delivery and otherwise as the DRIP Agent shall determine. If, before the DRIP Agent has completed its open market purchases, the market price per share of our common stock exceeds the NAV per share, the average per share purchase price paid by the DRIP Agent may exceed the NAV of the shares, resulting in the acquisition of fewer shares than if the distribution had been paid in newly issued shares of common stock on the applicable payment date. Because of the foregoing difficulty with respect to open market purchases, the DRIP provides that if the DRIP Agent is unable to invest the full distribution amount in open market purchase during the purchase period or if the market discount shifts to a market premium of 10% or more of NAV during the purchase period, the DRIP Agent may cease making open market purchases and may invest the uninvested portion of the distribution amount in newly issued shares of common stock at the NAV per share at the close of business on the Last Purchase Date provided that, if the NAV is less than or equal to 95% of the then current market price per share, the dollar amount of the distribution will be divided by 95% of the market price on the payment date.

There are no brokerage charges with respect to shares of common stock issued directly by the Company. However, whenever shares are purchased or sold on the NYSE or otherwise on the open market, each participant will pay a pro rata portion of brokerage trading fees, currently \$0.10 per share purchased or sold. Brokerage trading fees will be deducted from amounts to be invested.

Holders of the Company's common stock can also sell shares held in the DRIP account at any time by contacting the DRIP Agent in writing at American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, LLC, P.O. Box 922, Wall Street Station, New York, NY 10269-0560. The DRIP Agent will mail a check to such holder (less applicable brokerage trading fees) on the settlement date, which is three business days after the shares have been sold. If a stockholder chooses to sell its shares through a broker, the holder will need to request that the DRIP Agent electronically transfer their shares to the broker through the Direct Registration System.

Stockholders participating in the DRIP may withdraw from the DRIP at any time by contacting the DRIP Agent in writing at American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, LLC, P.O. Box 922, Wall Street Station, New York, NY 10269-0560. Such termination will be effective immediately if the notice is received by the DRIP Agent prior to any dividend or distribution record date; otherwise, such termination will be effective on the first trading day after the payment date for such dividend or distribution, with respect to any subsequent dividend or distribution. If a holder of the Company's common stock withdraws, full shares will be credited to their account, and the stockholder will be sent a check for the cash adjustment of any fractional share at the market value per share of the Company's common stock as of the close of business on the day the termination is effective, less any applicable fees. Alternatively, if the stockholder wishes, the DRIP Agent will sell their full and fractional shares and send them the proceeds, less a transaction fee of \$15.00 and less brokerage trading fees of \$0.10 per share. If a stockholder does not maintain at least one whole share of common stock in the DRIP account, the DRIP Agent may terminate such stockholder's participation in the DRIP after written notice. Upon termination, stockholders will be sent a check for the cash value of any fractional share in the DRIP account, less any applicable broker commissions and taxes.

Stockholders who are not participants in the DRIP, but hold at least one full share of our common stock, may join the DRIP by notifying the DRIP Agent in writing at American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, LLC, P.O. Box 922, Wall Street Station, New York, NY 10269-0560. If received in proper form by the DRIP Agent before the record date of a dividend, the election will be effective with respect to all dividends paid after such record date. If a stockholders wishes to participate in the DRIP and their shares are held in the name of a brokerage firm, bank or other nominee, the stockholder should contact their nominee to see if it will participate in the DRIP. If a stockholder wishes to participate in the DRIP, but the brokerage firm, bank or other nominee is unable to participate on their behalf, the stockholder will need to request that their shares be re-registered in their own name, or the stockholder will not be able to participate. The DRIP Agent will administer the DRIP on the basis of the number of shares certified from time to time by the stockholder as representing the total amount registered in their name and held for their account by their nominee.

Experience under the DRIP may indicate that changes are desirable. Accordingly, the Company and the DRIP Agent reserve the right to amend or terminate the DRIP upon written notice to each participant at least 30 days before the record date for the payment of any dividend or distribution by the Company.

All correspondence or additional information about the DRIP should be directed to American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, LLC, 6201 15th Avenue, Brooklyn, NY 11219.

Additional Information

Management

Our Board of Directors (the "Board") is responsible for managing the Company's affairs, including the appointment of advisers and sub-advisers. The Board has appointed officers who assist in managing the Company's day-to-day affairs.

The Board

The Board currently consists of six members, four of whom are not "interested persons" (as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act")) of the Company. The Company refers to these directors as the Company's "independent directors."

Under our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, our board of directors is divided into three classes with staggered terms, with the term of only one of the three classes expiring at each annual meeting of our stockholders. The classification of the board across staggered terms may prevent replacement of a majority of the directors for up to a two-year period.

The directors and officers of the Company are listed below. Except as indicated, each individual has held the office shown or other offices with the same company for the last five years. Certain of the Company's officers and directors also are officers or managers of our Adviser and its affiliates. Each of our directors also serves as a director of Eagle Point Income Company Inc., a registered investment company for which an affiliate of our Adviser serves as investment adviser.

Name, Address ¹ and Age	Position(s) held with the Company	Term of Office and Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During the Past 5 Years	Other Directorships ³
Interested Directors	.2			
Thomas P. Majewski Age: 45	Class III Director and Chief Executive Officer	Since inception; Term expires 2023	Managing Partner of Eagle Point Income Management LLC since September 2018; Managing Partner of Eagle Point Credit Management LLC since September 2012.	Eagle Point Income Company Inc.
James R. Matthews Age: 53	Class II Director and Chairperson of the Board	Since inception; Term expires 2022	Principal of Stone Point Capital LLC since October 2011.	Eagle Point Income Company Inc.
Independent Directo	<u>ors</u>			
Scott W. Appleby Age: 55	Class I Director	Since inception; Term expires 2021	President of Appleby Capital, Inc., a financial advisory firm, since April 2009.	Eagle Point Income Company Inc.
Kevin F. McDonald Age: 54	Class III Director	Since inception; Term expires 2023	Chief Operating Officer of AltaRock Partners, an asset management firm, since January 2019; Director of Business Development of Folger Hill Asset Management, LP from December 2014 to July 2018; Principal of Taylor Investment Advisors, LP from March 2002 to March 2017.	Eagle Point Income Company Inc.

Name, Address ¹ and Age	Position(s) held with the Company	Term of Office and Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During the Past 5 Years	Other Directorships ³
Paul E. Tramontano Age: 58	Class II Director	Since inception; Term expires 2022	Senior Managing Director and Portfolio Manager at First Republic Investment Management since October 2015; Co-Chief Executive Officer of Constellation Wealth Advisors LLC from April 2007 to October 2015.	Eagle Point Income Company Inc.
Jeffrey L. Weiss Age: 59	Class I Director	Since inception; Term expires 2021	Private Investor since June 2012; Managing Partner of Colter Lewis Investment Partners since January 2018.	C

The business address of each of our directors is c/o Eagle Point Credit Company Inc., 600 Steamboat Road, Suite 202, Greenwich, Connecticut 06830.

The Company's registration statement, prospectus and proxy statement for the annual stockholders' meeting include additional information about our directors. A copy of the prospectus and proxy statement is available free of charge at www.eaglepointcreditcompany.com or upon request by calling (844) 810-6501.

Officers

Information regarding our officers who are not directors is as follows:

Name, Address ¹ and Age	Positions Held with the Company	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ²	Principal Occupation(s) During the Last Five Years
Kenneth P. Onorio Age: 52	Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer	Since July 2014	Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer of Eagle Point Income Company Inc. since October 2018; Chief Financial Officer of Eagle Point Credit Management LLC since July 2014 and Eagle Point Income Management LLC since October 2018; Chief Operating Officer of Eagle Point Credit Management LLC since August 2014 and Eagle Point Income Management since October 2018.
Nauman S. Malik Age: 40	Chief Compliance Officer	Since September 2015	Chief Compliance Officer of Eagle Point Income Company Inc. since October 2018; General Counsel of Eagle Point Credit Management LLC since June 2015 and Eagle Point Income Management LLC since October 2018; Chief Compliance Officer of Eagle Point Credit Management LLC from September 2015 to March 2020 and Eagle Point Income Management LLC from October 2018 to March 2020.
Courtney B. Fandrick Age: 38	Secretary	Since August 2015	Chief Compliance Officer of Eagle Point Credit Management LLC and Eagle Point Income Management LLC since April 2020; Deputy Chief Compliance Officer of Eagle Point Credit Management LLC from December 2014 to March 2020 and Eagle Point Income Management LLC from October 2018 to March 2020; Secretary of Eagle Point Income Company Inc. since October 2018.

The business address of each of our officers is c/o Eagle Point Credit Company Inc., 600 Steamboat Rd, Suite 202, Greenwich, Connecticut 06830. All of our officers are officers or employees of the Adviser or affiliated companies.

Mr. Majewski is an interested director due to his position with the Adviser. Mr. Matthews is an interested director due to his position with Stone Point Capital LLC, which is an affiliate of the Adviser.

Eagle Point Income Company Inc. is considered to be in the same fund complex as us and, as a result, each director serves as a director of two investment companies in the same complex.

² Each officer holds office until his or her successor is chosen and qualifies, or until his or her earlier resignation or removal.

Director and Officer Compensation

Our directors received compensation from the Company in the amounts set forth in the following table during the six months ended June 30, 2020.

Name	Aggregate Compensation from the Company ^{1, 2}			
Scott W. Appleby	\$50,000			
Kevin F. McDonald	\$47,500			
Paul E. Tramontano	\$47,500			
Jeffrey L. Weiss	\$53,750			
TOTAL	\$198,750*			

^{*} Includes amounts that were payable to directors as of June 30, 2020 in respect of the six-month period ended June 30, 2020. Such amounts were paid in the immediately following fiscal period.

- For a discussion of the independent directors' compensation, see below.
- The Company does not maintain a pension plan or retirement plan for any of our directors.

As compensation for serving on the Board, each independent director receives an annual fee of \$95,000. The chairman of the audit committee receives an additional annual fee of \$12,500 and the chairman of the nominating committee receives an additional annual fee of \$5,000 for their additional services in these capacities, as well as reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in attending such meetings.

No compensation is, or is expected to be, paid by us to our directors who are "interested persons" of us, as such term is defined in the 1940 Act, or to our officers. Our officers are compensated by the Adviser or one of its affiliates, as applicable.

We have entered into an Administration Agreement pursuant to which Eagle Point Administration LLC, our administrator ("Eagle Point Administration"), performs, or arranges for the performance of, our required administrative services, among other things. Payments under the Administration Agreement are equal to an amount based upon our allocable portion of Eagle Point Administration's overhead in performing its obligations under the Administration Agreement, including rent, the fees and expenses associated with performing compliance functions and our allocable portion of the compensation of our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and our allocable portion of the compensation of any administrative support staff. Our allocable portion of such total compensation is based on an allocation of the time spent on us relative to other matters. The Administration Agreement will remain in effect if approved by the Board, including by a majority of our independent directors, on an annual basis. The Administration Agreement was most recently reapproved by the Board in May 2020.

Stockholder Meeting Information

At the annual meeting of stockholders of the Company held on May 15, 2020, the stockholders of the Company voted to reelect two Class III directors to serve until the Company's 2023 annual meeting or until his successor is duly elected and qualified. The voting results were as follows:

Nominee	Shares Voted "For"	Shares "Withheld"	Broker Non-Votes
Thomas P. Majewski ¹	1,565,108	56,861	0
Kevin F. McDonald ²	25,005,787	1,164,732	0

- Mr. Majewski was elected by the holders of the Company's outstanding preferred stock, voting separately as a single class.
- Mr. McDonald was elected by the holders of the Company's outstanding stock and preferred stock, voting together as a single class.

The following individuals' terms of office as directors also continued after the annual meeting given that each person is either a Class I or Class II director and was not up for re-election at the Annual Meeting: Scott W. Appleby, Jeffrey L. Weiss, James R. Matthews and Paul E. Tramontano.

Investment Advisory Agreement

At a meeting held on May 15, 2020, conducted by means of videoconference pursuant to an order issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Board, including all of the directors that are not interested persons of the Company (voting separately), unanimously voted to approve the continuation and renewal of the existing investment advisory agreement (the "Investment Advisory Agreement") by and between the Company and the Adviser for an additional one-year period.

In reaching a decision to approve the continuation and renewal of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Board, assisted by the advice of fund counsel, requested and received a significant amount of information and considered all the factors the Board believed relevant, including, among other things, the following: (1) the nature, extent and quality of services performed by the Adviser, including the investment performance of the Company, other comparable registered investment companies and business development companies, and certain other accounts advised by the Adviser; (2) information regarding the fees and other expenses paid by the Company, including the cost of services provided by the Adviser and its affiliate; (3) the profitability to the Adviser of its relationship with the Company, including certain ancillary and other benefits received by the Adviser; (4) comparative information on fees and expenses borne by other comparable registered investment companies and business development companies, and certain other accounts advised by the Adviser; (5) the extent to which economies of scale would be realized as the Company grows and whether fee levels reflect these economies of scale for the benefit of the Company's investors; and (6) various other factors.

The Board's decision to renew the Investment Advisory Agreement was not based on any single factor, but rather was based on a comprehensive consideration of the information provided to the Board at its meetings throughout the year. The Board did not assign relative weights to the factors considered by it as the Board conducted an overall analysis of these factors. Individual members of the Board may have given different weights to different factors.

The Board requested, considered and evaluated information regarding the following factors, among others:

Nature, Extent and Quality of Services and Performance

The Board reviewed and considered the nature, extent and quality of the services provided by the Adviser under the Investment Advisory Agreement and by its affiliate under a separate administration agreement and the services provided to the Company by third-party service providers. Among other things, the Board reviewed the most recent Form ADV for the Adviser, information about the background and experience of the staff and personnel of the Adviser primarily responsible for the day-to-day portfolio management of the Company, including their experience in managing portfolios of CLO securities and the CLO industry knowledge of the Adviser's senior investment team.

The Board also evaluated the ability of the Adviser to attract and retain high-caliber professional personnel. In this regard, the Board considered information regarding the Adviser's compensation program, which is designed to align personnel interests with the long-term success of the Adviser's clients, including the Company.

In addition, the Board reviewed information about the Adviser's investment process, the financial stability, investment and risk management programs and legal and compliance programs of the Adviser and the Company's use of leverage, the different forms of leverage used by the Company, the effect of leverage on the Company's portfolio and performance, and the forms and levels of leverage used by certain of the Company's peers.

The Board then reviewed and considered the Company's performance results in terms of both (1) total return on a net asset value basis (*i.e.*, book basis) and (2) total return to common stockholders (assuming reinvestment of dividends), each during (a) the 2017 calendar year, (b) the 2018 calendar year, (c) the 2019 calendar year, and (d) the period from the Company's initial public offering through a recent date, and considered such performance in light of the Company's investment objective, strategies and risks. The Board also considered and discussed at length these results in comparison to the performance results for various relevant periods of (1) an account managed by the Adviser that is comparable to the Fund in investment strategy and policy ("Comparable Account"), (2) two publicly listed registered investment companies that have an investment strategy

that is directly comparable to the Company ("Peer Funds"), (3) other registered investment companies and business development companies that either invest a portion of their assets in CLO equity or junior debt securities or have similar underlying assets to the underlying assets of the CLO securities held by the Company ("Other Peer Companies") and (4) the performance of a composite of estimates of CLO equity performance published by several Wall Street research firms. The Board considered the Adviser's representation that the Other Peer Companies included in the performance data presented by the Adviser had meaningful differences from the Company and were thus an imperfect basis for comparison. The Board also discussed and considered the Company's recent performance in light of current market conditions.

In addition, the Board considered information on the steps that the Adviser and its affiliates had taken to respond to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and discussed the potential impact of those steps on the Company's and the Adviser's ongoing operations.

Based on the above factors, together with those referenced below, the Board concluded that it was generally satisfied with, and that the Company should continue to benefit from, the nature, extent and quality of services provided to the Company by the Adviser.

Investment Advisory Fee Rates and Total Expense Ratio

The Board then reviewed and considered the advisory fee rates, including the base management fee and incentive fee, payable by the Company to the Adviser under the Investment Advisory Agreement and the total expense ratio of the Company as of the most recent quarter. Additionally, the Board received and considered information comparing the advisory fee rates and total expense ratio of the Company with those of the Peer Funds and the Other Peer Companies.

The Board noted that the Company's base management fee rate was lower than or the same as, the Company's incentive fee rate was the same as, and the Company's incentive fee hurdle was higher than or the same as, those of the Peer Funds, and that the Company's total expense ratio was lower than that of the Peer Funds.

The Board also noted that, while there were certain differences among the fee structures of the Company and each of the Other Peer Companies, the Company's advisory fee rates generally were comparable to and within the range of those paid by each of the Other Peer Companies with (1) both management and incentive fee components to their investment adviser's compensation and (2) a portion of their assets invested in CLO equity or junior debt securities. The Board also noted that the Company's total expense ratio (as a percentage of its total investments) was higher than those of all the Other Peer Companies. The Board further took into consideration the fact that the Other Peer Companies with the lowest total expense ratios did not pay incentive compensation under their investment advisory agreements. The Board additionally considered that the comparisons of the advisory fee rates and total expense ratios to the Other Peer Companies were not particularly meaningful, as the investment strategies and portfolios of the Other Peer Companies are materially different than those of the Company.

The Board also compared the advisory fee rates paid by each of the Company and the Comparable Account to the Adviser. The Board noted the differences in the fee structures and that such differences could cause the Company to pay a higher effective advisory fee rate than the Comparable Account in certain circumstances. The Board considered that the different rate structures are driven by investor expectations for the different types of investment vehicles, the additional complexity of the Adviser's investment strategy in the regulatory and tax environment applicable to the Company's portfolio and the costs associated with operating as an investment adviser for a publicly-traded registered investment company.

In considering the advisory fee rates, the Board also discussed the Company's use of leverage, including the Company's previous issuance of preferred stock and debt securities. The Board noted that while the Adviser believes that the prudent use of leverage is in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders, the use of leverage has the potential to increase the Adviser's incentive fee and, with respect to preferred stock, the Adviser's base management fee, and therefore may create a conflict of interest with the Company's stockholders.

Profitability

The Board also considered a profitability analysis of the Adviser and its affiliates with respect to the Company and the changes in such profitability over time. The Board concluded that, in light of the profitability information presented and other factors considered, the Adviser's profitability was not excessive.

Economies of Scale

The Board considered information regarding whether the Investment Advisory Agreement adequately addresses economies of scale with respect to providing advisory services to the Company. The Board considered that, given (1) the complexity and time required to manage the types of CLO securities in which the Company invests, (2) the resource-intensive nature of acquiring and disposing of certain of the Company's investments in the primary markets (particularly with respect to CLO equity investments), and (3) the limited size of individual CLO transactions, growth in the Company's assets would be expected to require and had required additional investment resources, including personnel, and therefore generally would not reduce the per unit cost of managing the portfolio. The Board also considered the Adviser's expected limits on the investment capacity for the strategy of the Company. Based on the foregoing, the Board concluded that the opportunity of the Company to realize significant economies of scale is limited and that the lack of breakpoints in the fee structure was appropriate given the Company's investment objectives and strategies.

Other Benefits

The Board considered other benefits to the Adviser and its affiliates derived from their relationship with the Company. The Board considered the Adviser's representation that these ancillary benefits could not be appropriately valued.

Based on the information reviewed and the discussions detailed above, the Board reached a determination, through the exercise of its business judgment, that the compensation payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Advisory Agreement was fair and reasonable in light of the services provided to the Company by the Adviser and other factors considered.

Portfolio Information

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings for each month in a fiscal quarter within 60 days after the end of the relevant fiscal quarter on Form N-PORT. Portfolio holdings information for the third month of each fiscal quarter is made available on the SEC's web site (www.sec.gov).

Proxy Information

The Company has delegated its proxy voting responsibility to the Adviser. A description of these policies and procedures is available (1) without charge, upon request, by calling toll free (844) 810-6501; and (2) in the Company's post-effective amendment filing to its registration statement on Form N-2 made on May 29, 2020 with the SEC, which can be found on the SEC's website (www.sec.gov).

Information regarding how the Company voted proxies relating to portfolio securities for the 12-month period ending June 30, 2020 is available: (1) without charge, upon request, by calling toll free (844) 810-6501; and (2) in the Company's Form N-PX filing to be made with the SEC prior to August 31, 2020, which can be found on the SEC's website (www.sec.gov). The Company also makes this information available on its website at www.eaglepointcreditcompany.com.

Tax Information

For the six months ended May 31, 2020, the Company recorded distributions on our common stock equal to \$0.96 per share or \$28.1 million.

Privacy Notice

The Company is committed to protecting your privacy. This privacy notice explains the privacy policies of Eagle Point Credit Company Inc. and its affiliated companies. The terms of this notice apply to both current and former stockholders. The Company will safeguard, according to strict standards of security and confidentiality, all information it receives about you. With regard to this information, the Company maintains procedural safeguards that are reasonably designed to comply with federal standards. We have implemented procedures that are designed to restrict access to your personal information to

authorized employees of the Company's investment adviser, Eagle Point Credit Management, LLC and its affiliates who need to know your personal information to perform their jobs, and in connection with servicing your account. The Company's goal is to limit the collection and use of information about you. While we may share your personal information with our affiliates in connection with servicing your account, our affiliates are not permitted to share your information with non-affiliated entities, except as permitted or required by law.

When you purchase shares of the Company's common stock and in the course of providing you with products and services, we and certain of our service providers, such as a transfer agent, may collect personal information about you, such as your name, address, social security number or tax identification number. This information may come from sources such as account applications and other forms, from other written, electronic or verbal correspondence, from your transactions, from your brokerage or financial advisory firm, financial adviser or consultant, and/or information captured on applicable websites.

We do not disclose any personal information provided by you or gathered by us to non-affiliated third parties, except as permitted or required by law or for our everyday business purposes, such as to process transactions or service your account. For example, we may share your personal information in order to send you annual and semiannual reports, proxy statements and other information required by law, and to send you information the Company believes may be of interest to you. We may disclose your personal information to unaffiliated third party financial service providers (which may include a custodian, transfer agent, accountant or financial printer) who need to know that information in order to provide services to you or to the Company. These companies are required to protect your information and use it solely for the purpose for which they received it or as otherwise permitted by law. We may also provide your personal information to your brokerage or financial advisory firm and/or to your financial adviser or consultant, as well as to professional advisors, such as accountants, lawyers and consultants.

We reserve the right to disclose or report personal or account information to non-affiliated third parties in limited circumstances where we believe in good faith that disclosure is required by law, such as in accordance with a court order or at the request of government regulators or law enforcement authorities or to protect our rights or property. We may also disclose your personal information to a non-affiliated third party at your request or if you consent in writing to the disclosure.

If you have any queries or concerns about the privacy of your personal information, please contact our investor relations team at (203) 340-8510 or (844) 810-6501.

We will review this policy from time to time and may update it at our discretion.

* *





Eagle Point Credit Company Inc.

600 Steamboat Road, Suite 202 Greenwich, CT 06830 (203) 340 8500

Investment Adviser

Greenwich, CT 06830

Eagle Point Credit Management LLC 600 Steamboat Road, Suite 202

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